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The Bombay Chronicle

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Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

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30-YEAR INTERREGNUM FOR FRENCH INDIA?

Referendum Deadline Fixed For December 11

MUNICIPAL COUNCILLORS ELECT 29-MAN COMMITTEE

Acting Commissioner On Consequences Of Choice

NEUTRAL OBSERVERS TO HAVE FREE ACCESS TO CHECK UP FAIR DEAL TO VOTER

PONDICHERRY, March 20. (A.P.I.): The 29-man Drafting Committee of top-notch Socialists, working out the terms and procedural details for a referendum in the four French Indian settlements in South India, tonight, recommended that if the decision favoured merger with India, "complete autonomy should be granted to these Settlements for a transition period of thirty years".

DATE OF REFERENDUM

THE REFERENDUM ITSELF SHALL TAKE PLACE ON DECEMBER 11, 1949, AND "SHALL BE CONDUCTED BY NEUTRAL OBSERVERS JOINTLY APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE UNION OF INDIA AND FRANCE", THE COMMITTEE SAID.

TRANSITION PERIOD

Both the Governments of India and France should give an assurance on the observance of the 30-year transition period before the referendum takes place actually.

The Committee was set up earlier today by 198 out of the 200 recently-elected municipal councillors from these Settlements meeting here for a two-day conference for chalking out details regarding the referendum. Tomorrow the Conference will take up for consideration the Committee's recommendations and put them to vote.

The Committee at the same time explained that its recommendations as might be ratified by the Conference tomorrow "are only suggestions to be considered by the Governments of France and India, except the date which is binding on both the Governments".

Meanwhile, and Indian Diplomatic source here commenting on the 30-year transition period recommendation, said: "Is it not strange that French Indians are asking of India a guarantee of thirty years local autonomy— a request which under normal conditions would not even be considered? French India should realise that all the promises of France are only practicable if India continues to tolerate the existence of these foreign pockets. But as Pandit Nehru has recently pointed out forcibly, the new resurgent India will never tolerate the existence of these foreign areas. It is in the light of this situation and not in the light of French promises that French Indians should decide their future".

DETAILS OF SESSION

The newly elected members of the municipal Assemblies of the four southern French settlements began in the town hall here today a two-day session with the object of fixing a date for the referendum and also suggesting the procedure for it.

Out of two hundred members of the four French Indian settlements in the south, 198 attended the meeting.

The 37-year old French civilian, M. C. J. Camoully, acting Commissioner, who has taken the place of the Governor of French India, inaugurated the session with an extempore speech in French explaining the object of the meeting.

Both the French and Indian flags flew over the town hall.

The speech of the Commissioner was translated in Tamil, the local language of the people.

Today's meeting is held in pursuance of the declaration made by the French Government in the National Assembly of France in Paris on June 8, 1948, laying down the general principles along which the people of French India would determine their own future.

The declaration stated 'inter alia' that "The French Government solemnly declare that they intended to leave to the population of the French establishments in India themselves the right to pronounce their future fate and future status. Their decision will be taken by means of a free and sincere consultation, the particulars of which will be fixed in agreement with the elected Municipal Councillors of each of these establishments and on a date which will be fixed according to their indications. The results of these consultations will hold good for each of the five establishments separately and not for the whole."

The Government of India, welcoming the declaration, expressed the hope "that the referendum by which the people of French India are to be consulted should be held in an atmosphere free from passion and hatred and without the application of internal or external pressure."

The meeting unanimously elected Mr. K. Muthu Pillai, Mayor of Pondicherry as President.

The grave and serious responsibility of representatives of the French Indian public in regard to the forthcoming referendum to decide their future was stressed by M. C. J. Camouilly, Acting Commissioner for French India.

In his speech M. Camouilly declared that international observers, other than Indian or French, would be present during the referendum from the time of the electoral campaign. The French Government, he said, stood by their declaration of June 8, 1948, which had been approved by the Government of India conceding the right of self-determination to the people of French India to decide their future.

M. Camouilly strongly repudiated the charge that France was playing an Imperialistic game to retain their hold on French Indian possessions and said that France, which had been drought up in democratic traditions, never wanted to withhold democracy from the French Indian people.

TERMS OF REFERENDUM

"As regards the methods and the terms of referendum, it behoves you to give useful suggestions for the consideration of the French Government. I think it will not be out of place for me to deal with certain aspects of the referendum with the only object of facilitating your task. First of all, we should consider the question as to who are the persons who should be entitled to participate in the referendum. It goes without saying that right should belong to French Indian citizens figuring in the electoral rolls of the Settlements. Secondly, the question to be set for the referendum should be, in my view, short and simple, so as to get an answer in the form of "yes or no," namely whether to continue to remain in French Union or to withdraw from it."

NEED FOR OBSERVERS

Proceeding, M. Camouilly suggested that they might appoint committees, including Ministers, for each of the four French settlements to scrutinise the results of the referendum and to deal with complaints and other matters connected with the referendum.

Referring to the need for Neutral observers, M. Camouilly said they were necessary because "the referendum should not be challenged." "It is strongly desirable", he said that in order to confer an incontestable character on the results of the referendum, they should have a certain number of neutral observers belonging to an international organisation. These observers shall be entitled to have access to all electoral records from the time of the opening of the electoral campaign."

"I shall now draw your attention to the gravity of the implications of the result of the referendum for you as well as for your descendants", continued M. Camouilly. "The results of the referendum may vary from one Settlement to another. The Settlements—the results of which are favourable to the Indian Union—shall be subject to the Indian Government, politically, economically and administratively. On the other hand, the Settlements, the population of which has expressed the will to keep their links with France, shall have their place in the French Union and you know well that that place is a place of choice in the French Union with the possibility of enjoying the fullest freedom and autonomy with the evolution of the system. But whatever might be their decision, the French Indian people can rest assured that their decision shall be respected, because both France and India have agreed to abide by the decision whether the result will be favourable or unfavourable to one or the other country".

The meeting appointed a committee of 21 including 16 mayors 6 Ministers of the Government of French India and 7 other members representing various settlements.

M. Camouilly was of the view that the question to be put to the people should be short so as to elicit a simple answer "yes", or "no", and that the question might be said without prejudice to their future status. In his view the question that should be put to the people should be, "whether to continue in the French Union or to withdraw therefrom". He held that every French Indian citizen whose name was on the electoral rolls was entitled to participate in the referendum, but that too was a matter for the meeting to decide.

In conclusion, he said that France would warmly welcome French India to remain within the French Union. French India would have "a place of choice and enjoy the fullest autonomy possible within that Union".

TERMINATION OF CUSTOMS UNION PACT

Interviewed on the Government of India's decision to terminate the Customs Union agreement of 1941 with the French settlements in India from April 1, M. C. J. Camouilly, Acting Commissioner for French India, said that the Government of India would not and could not exert any economic or other kind of "pressure" against French India as per the terms of the Indo-French agreement.

For S. S. C. Examinees Who Have Not Found Seat Numbers

BOMBAY, March 20. (UPI)—The Chairman of the Secondary School Certificate Examination Board, Poona, announces that candidates for the Secondary School Certificate Examination commencing on Tuesday March 22 who have not been able to trace their seat numbers in the published list of candidates should present, themselves at the places of examination where candidates offering similar subjects are being examined. They should, being examined. They should, however, bring with them their fee receipts.

3-Power War On 'Red' Currency

BERLIN, March 20. (Reuter & UPA)—The United States, Britain and France today outlawed the Soviet-backed money as legal tender in Western Berlin.

A three-power announcement said the action was taken to save the Western City Government from bankruptcy.

The announcement, which came from the British, French and American Military Governors, meant the virtual banning of Soviet sector marks, which have up till now been accepted as legal currency in the West sectors.

Rations may, however, be purchased with Eastern marks until March 31, the announcement said.

An official Western Allied statement on the reasons for the change said:

"The American, British and French Military Governors, after consulting with the responsible German authorities in Frankfurt and Berlin, and in response to the unanimous resolution of the City Assembly on November 4, 1948 have decided that as from today the East Mark shall cease to be legal tender in the Western sectors of Berlin".

A GLIMPSE OF PAST HISTORY

The Prime Minister of India, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru had been on a short sojourn to Orissa recently along with Lady Mountbatten and others. He spent some time in going round the historic Sishupalgarh under excavation. In the picture Pandit Nehru is seen passing through two gigantic walls of Sishupalgarh on March 13 just before he and his party took off for New Delhi from Bhuaneshwar airfield nearby.
Photo by: Photo Emporium, Cuttack.

Modern Devices For Crime Detection In Bombay

KAMTE TO STUDY SCOTLAND YARD TECHNIQUE: PLANS TO SECURE "LIE DETECTOR"

POONA, March 20 (API): The latest crime detection methods followed by the Police in England and America will soon be employed by the Bombay Police in tackling offenders and putting down crime in the province.

Plans for training the Police personnel and the necessary reorganisation of the Police force are now under consideration of the Government, and as a preliminary step, the Inspector-General of Police of Bombay, Mr. N M. Kamte is proceeding to the United Kingdom next month to study the working of the Police force there.

STUDY OF PREVENTING CRIME

In an interview here today, Mr. Kamte said he proposed to spend two months at Scotland Yard and observe the working of the Police in big cities like London and Manchester, and also the Country Police. He was particularly interested in the methods of preventing crime.

Mr. Kamte was last in England in 1938 when he had an opportunity to see the working of the Police force there but, he believed, during the past 10 years the methods then in vogue had been improved upon, which could be picked by the Police in India with benefit. Mr. Kamte is also likely during his eight-month tour to visit America where he hopes to watch the working of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and how it functions in relation to the Police of the States.

The Government's plans for assisting the Police in preventing crime include the establishment of a forensic laboratory in Bombay, which will experiment in the use of the latest scientific methods in dealing with criminals. It is expected that the laboratory will prove of immense help in crime detection, especially as the headquarters of the Provincial CID are now being removed to Bombay from Poona.

The Bombay Police are also trying to obtain a "lie-detector", a machine which is said to have proved useful to the Police in America. One such machine is already functioning in Mysore and the results of the experiments on it are awaited with interest.

"JAN MASARYK WAS MURDERED"

Anonymous Czech's Disclosure In London Paper

LONDON, March 20 (UPA).—An unidentified "former Czechoslavak Army officer" claimed today that Czechoslovak Foreign Minister Jan Masaryk was shot and killed by police while trying to flee the country and did not jump to his death as reported

Writing in the Sunday "Empire News", the anonymous Czech said of Masaryk's death on March 10, 1948: "Jan Masaryk was murdered. He was shot dead beside the plane in which he had planned to escape from Czechoslovakia to organize a resistance movement against the Communists Masaryk did not fall 50 feet from the window of Czech Foreign Office in Prague as was stated in the official bulleton issued by the Communist Czech Government....the suicide and fall were faked. The presence of Masaryk's body on the pavement was staged."

Three Persons Drowned

RANCHI, March 20. (UPI)—Three persons including one military officer and two ex-servicemen were drowned at Doranda lake on Friday night when the engine of one military "duck" with 10 persons on board failed and the "duck" sank in the middle of the lake. Seven persons managed to swim across while the rest could not. After vigorous search two dead bodies were recovered yesterday and the "duck" salvaged.

Search for the third dead body is still continuing.

Dalmia's 'At Home' To Reuter Mission

NEW DELHI, March 20. (API)—Mr. Ramkrishnan Dalmia gave an 'at home' to Reuter Goodwill Delegation this evening at his residence in Delhi. A large and distinguished gathering including some Ministers and leading commercial magnates were present.

India's Seaborne Trade Looks Up

EXPORTS INCREASE BY 24 CRORES OVER 1947 FIGURES

Big Overall Adverse Balance: Britain Still The Best Customer

NEW DELHI, March 20. India's Future Exports in the nine-month period ended December, 1948, were valued at 3,13.41 crores and her re-exports at Rs. 6.04 crores.

Imports totalled Rs. 3,555.83 crores.

MAIN EXPORTS

Principal commodities among exports were Junte yarns and manufacturers and raw and waste Junte (Rs. 131.89 crores); Tea (Rs. 41.80 crores) Cotton yarns and manufactures (Rs. 31.59 crores); Cotton raw and waste (Rs. 14.89 crores); Oils—minly vegetable non-essential oils—(Rs. 9.23 crores) Hides and shins, tanned or leather (Rs. 8.84 crores); Gums, resins and lac (Rs. 7.39 crores); Tobacco (Rs. 6.59 crores) and Seeds (Rs. 5.30 crores).

Among the important articles that India imported were: Machinery of all kinds (Rs. 56.62 crores), Grain. pulse and flour (Rs. 48.37 crores), Cotton, raw and waste (Rs. 38.70 crores) Oils—mainly mineral oils—(Rs. 27.30 crores); Metals (Rs 23.81 crores); Vehicles (Rs. 23.50 crores) Chemicals, Drugs and Medicines (Rs. 21,55 crores) Dyes and Colours (Rs. 12.21 crores); Cutlery, hardare, implements and instruments (Rs. 10.31 crores).

During the nine-month period, the United Kingdom was India's best customer. The value of Indian exports to that country was Rs. 70.44 crores. This figure, however, was lower by Rs. 8.60 crores than that for the corresponding period of 1947. The United States of America, which stood second absorbed Indian exports to the value of Rs. 54.74 crores. Pakistan, third largest customer, took from India goods worth Rs. 36,35 crores; and Australia, which came next, accounted for Rs. 15,49 crores. The Argentine Republic, a country which India's exports have been reaching in increasing quantity, stood fifth with Rs. 11.14 crores. Burma, Ceylon, Canada, Egypt, France and China were among the more important of the remaining buyers of Indian goods. Ceylon, Egypt and Japan increased their off-take by Rs. 0.41 crores, Rs. 1,11 crorees and Rs. 4.04 crores respectively in the period under review as compared with the corresponding period of the preceding year. Exports to the United Kingdom however, declined by 8.60 crores and to China by Rs 3.97 crores.

On the import side, generally

On the import side generally all important countries increased their exports to India during the period under review as compared with the corresponding period of 1947. Important declines were hofever registered by the United States of America, Iran and Switzerland —Rs. 12.64 crores Rs. 3.34 crores and Rs. 2.71 crores respectively.

BEST SOURCES OF SUPPLY

The United Kingdom was the best supplier to India, her share in India's total imports being Rs. 1,02,15 crores —an increase of Rs. 13.70 crores over the corresponding figure for 1947. The United States of America second best source of supply accounted for Rs. 19,70 crores. Australia stood fourth. imports from that country amounting to Rs. 16,81 crores—an increase of Rs. 9.86 crorese over th figure for the nine months ended December 1947. Iran (Rs. 15,72 crorees) Burma (Rs. 14,96 crores), Italy (Rs. 14,89 crores) Pakistan (Rs. 11.30 crores), Kenya Colony (Rs. 8.92 crores). Straits set-Colony (Rs. 8.29 crores) Straits Settlements (Rs. 5,24 crores), and Canada (Rs. 5.23 crores) were in order of other important sources of supply.

Exports from India during the period of nine month ended December 1948 increased by Rs. 24.06 crores to Rs. 3,13,41 crores as compared with the corresponding period of 1947. While, jute yarns and manufactures, the largest item of India's export, increased by Rs. 23.71 crores to Rs. 1,14.06 crores, Tea, the second largest item, recorded a rise of Rs. 80 Lakhs only to Rs. 41.80 crores. Tea exports, however, increased in value by Rs. 2.58 crores in December 1948 as compared with December 1947. In the nine-month period under review, Cotton yarns and manufactures also showed a substantial increase—Rs. 16.37 crores—over the figure for the corresponding period of the preceding year, while other yarns and textile fabrics increased by Rs. 4.71 crores. Oils, gums, resins and lac, Tobacco, Seeds, and Fruits and vegetables were other items which recorded increase in their value of export. Jute raw and waste; Cotton raw and waste; Hides and skins, tanned or leather; Hides and skins, raw or undressed; and Spices together suffered a decline of Rs. 3.65 crores.

Imports into India at Rs. 3,55.83 crores in the nine months under review were up by Rs. 57.03 crores as compared with the corresponding period of the preceding year. Most commodities imported into India during this period shared in this general rise. The value of Grain, pulse and flour, which showed the largest rise (Rs. 34.23 crores), increased by Rs. 48.37 crores, while Cotton raw and waste and Cotton yarns and manufactures, whose value also increased to the above figure, recorded the next largest increase (Rs. crores). Imports of Machinery all kinds, the largest single item of import, also increased from Rs. crores to Rs. 56.62 crores. Metals, Chemicals, Drugs and Medicines, Vehicles, Woollen yarns and manufactures and Wood and Timber were other commodities which registered improvement in value. On the other hand, Cutlery, Hardware, Implements and Instruments, declined by Rs. 7.8 crores: other yarns and Textile fabrics by Rs. 6.12 crores; Oils by Rs. 3.15 crores; Paper and Pasteboard by Rs. 2.95 crores and Glassware and Earthenware by Rs 2.51 crores. Dyes and Colours, Electrical goods and Apparatus, and Provisions and Oilman's stores registered smaller decreases. Most of these articles, however, increased in value in December 1948 as compared with December 1947.

BRAND NEW BABIES BY AIR

NEW YORK, March 20. (UPI)—A woman who said to have offered "brand new babies delivered to anyone by air anywhere", has been arrested by the New York police.

Mrs. Alice Satterhwaite, 56, "sold" 60 babies in one two-month period, and placed out for adoption hundreds of babies in the last four or five years, said the district attorney.

She is charged "soliciting unmarried mothers to get them to sign away their babies" and with "wholesale of infants at fantastic prices".

The police are questioning doctors who are said to have given her the names of girls becoming mothers.

FOOD SCARCITY, A CHALLENGE TO OUR EXISTENCE

Nehru Says Problem Requires Treatment On War Emergency Level

NEW DELHI, March 20. (U.P.I.): Emphasising the urgency of solving the food problem of the country Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister today said that the problem required to be treated on a war-time emergency basis. He said: "The acute shortage of food grains is a challenge to our resourcefulness and our very existence. We are dependent upon other countries for food supply and crores of rupees are being spent every year for importing food grains to meet our requirements. This is a great financial drain on our resources, which cannot be allowed to continue".

Pandit Nehru who was addressing the students of the Indian Agricultural Research Institute asked them to realise the urgency of this national problem in its proper perspective. If unfortunately, war breakks out in any part of the world" he asked, "what will be the state of affairs in our country which depends on other countries for food? We shall have to strive hard and make our country self-sufficient. In the basic requirements of food, an institution of this kind has an important part to play".

Pandit Nehru referred to the various schemes of reclamation of waste lands and development of river valleys launched by Government, and stressed the importance of increasing the productivity of soil under cultivation if the productivity of the existing tracts under cultivation could be increased even by ten per cent, the situation would improve considerably, he said

The utility of the institution Pandit Nehru added could be judged only by the criterion of its being taken advantage of by the common cultivator. He felt that farming on a co-operative basis could derive benefit from such an institution. But that would take a few years to materialise

Pandit Nehru said: "I wish such centres and museums for disseminating knowledge of the latest scientific methods of agriculture were opened not only in all the provinces but in every district so that the peasants and the farmers might find opportunities to study them and develop a new outlook.

PROTEST AGAINST STAMP DUTY

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, March

A meeting of Ahmedabad Share Stock Brokers Association was held here today to protest against the levy stamp duty by Government on transactions. A resolution was protesting against such a levy and appeal was made to the Government to reduce the present scale of stamp duty and to bring it on a par with that applicable to cotton and bullion contracts.

It is likely that the brokers may close business on Manday as a mark of protest. In this connection it is suggested in business circles that if this appeal is to fall on deaf ears of the Government brokers should divert their business to other channels and should close their offices for long.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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Wanted a cultured Central India girl for my brother, a handsome Sikh Regular Army Officer, age 27, belonging to a very respectable family of Western Punjab Caste and Dowry immaterial. Please apply Box No. 468, "Bombay Chronicle."

Match for Rajput (Gujrathi) orphan uneducated girl, 19, write Post Box No. 4014, Bombay—7. 465

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Wanted an Accountant for an Insurance Company. Persons having 5 years experience should apply. Must be a Commerce Graduate or R.A. Salary according to qualifications. Also salaried Inspectors and Inspectresses. Apply to P. O. Box No. 521 Bombay. 460

If you desirous to earn Rs. 100 - to Rs. 500,- per month at your leisure at home, write today for particulars. All India Helping Society, Putlighar, Amritsar. 401

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Interested to purchase miscellaneous Foreign Botanical Drugs from direct Importers for Bengal Markets. Direct Importers or their Agents please contact Drugs of India (Farmers) Ltd., 35 Netaji Subbas Road, Calcutta 1, mentioning ready stocks. (3615)

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Students are being admitted now for practical training in Automobile Engineering Day and Evening classes. Write to: Automobile Engineering College, Andheri. 421

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Sick Dogs at Bellemont Kennels receive treatment and care as good as Human Beings. Phone 43245. (3614)

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For Sale: Cinema, Restaurant and a Bakery. With attached property. For full particulars, apply Box No. 466, "Bombay Chronicle."

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Sole distributors for Bombay Presidency able to stock and push sale of "Ironsides" American razor blades. Best terms. Handa and Chopra, Vijaynagar Amritsar. (249)

Wanted Agents Stockists good profitable business good commission. Apply Box No. 414 "Bombay Chronicle."

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to Mr. G. S. Monga, Post Box No. 119 Baroda. (384)

For loan on easy terms please contact Mohindra Bros Amritsar. (362)

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American, British magazine subscriptions, lowest publishers rates. Also Technical lists: International Bookhouse Limited, Fort, Bombay. 3702

Write To-day for your free copy of "How Can I Invest My Savings Safely, Yet Profitably" to Jai Hind Investment Trust Ltd., Behind Reserve Bank, Delhi. (3572)

For Sale A Big Departmental Store Centrally Situated On The Mall Lahore Muslim Owner Apply Box No 219 "Bombay Chronicle".

HOTELS IN HILL STATION

Matheran—visit Lord's Central Hotel, with all home comforts Phone No 28. (3174)

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted Calendria Pan 500-950 sq. ft. Heating Surface, Boiling Capacity 500 C ft. to 750 C. ft. or 15-20 tons, Diameter 3-9 ft. complete with all accessories viz. Vapour piping and Barometric Condenser, etc. The Lord Krishna Sugar Mills Ltd., Saharanpur. 3715

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Just arrived! Swiss Jacquard Art Silk fabrics! Seven alluring colours 36" width Lovely for curtains Call Raval Tiles and Marble Ltd., 17A, Queen's Road Bombay 1 (6778A)

Clearance Sale—Swiss made Wrist Watches. Fine Quality with 3 years' guarantee. Price Rs 16/- each. Order Now. Apollo Trading Corporation of India, Roshanara Road, Delhi. 467

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE

JOINT (G.I.P., M.S.M. AND B. B. & C.I. RAILWAYS) PURCHASING BOARD.

ON BEHALF of the Joint Purchasing Board, the Deputy General Manager (Grainshops) G.I.P. Railway, Bombay, invites sealed tenders for the supply of the following commodities to the Railway's godowns situated in the Bombay Presidency:

GROUNDNUT OIL

	Bengal Mds.		Bengal Mds
AHMEDABAD	500	GODHRA	100
ANAND	100	BULSAR	250
VIRAMGAM	75	SURAT	150
NADIAD	50	BROACH	150
		NANDURBAR	50

Each set of tender documents will include the requirements of one Railway only and may be obtained from the Dy. General Manager 'Grainshops', G.I.P. Railway, Bombay.

Tenders should bear the following superscription on the cover: "Tender No.JT PB I".

Tenders should be sent by post to or deposited at the office of the Dy. General Manager 'Grainshops', G.I.P. Railway, Bombay to reach that office not later than 15 hrs. on 28-3-49.

IMPORTANT

This tender is invited by the Dy. General Manager, 'Grainshops' G.I.P. Railway on behalf of the Joint Purchasing Board, representing the G.I.P. B.B. & C.I. and M.S.M. Railways. It should be clearly understood by the tenderers that on acceptance of their tender, the successful tenderer will sign the contract with the Deputy General Manager of the Railway concerned. 3744

INDIAN OVERSEAS AIRLINES LIMITED
"MAYFAIR", CHURCHGATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE MANAGEMENT is pleased to announce that their Administrative Offices have been shifted from the above address to Santa Cruz Airport in the Company's own premises.

The registered Office, however, continues to be at "MAYFAIR", Churchgate Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

V. S. NADKARNI.
General Secretary.

Bombay, 19th March, 1949 3764

G. I. P. RLY.—IMPORTANT NOTICE
RESERVATION OF SLEEPING ACCOMMODATION

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that, with effect from April 1st, 1949, sleeping accommodation will be made available to passengers reserving berths in Class I and II from 8 p.m. to 6-30 a.m. instead of from 10 p.m. to 6 a.m. as at present. 3759

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY
THE FRONTIER MAIL

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY INFORMED that the timings of 4 Up Frontier Mail have been altered. With immediate effect this train has been timed to arrive at Bombay Central at 11-00 hours daily. 3762

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY—TENDER

The General Manager, B. B. & C. I. Rly., Churchgate, Bombay 1 invites Tenders for the supply of finished sizes of Hardwood Timber for Broad Gauge Wagons. Tender forms can be had on application from the Controller of Stores, B. B. & C. I. Rly., Jacob Circle, Bombay 11 on Payment of Rs. 2/- per copy amount not refundable. Firms not on the approved list or Tenderers should give their Banker's references. Tenders should be submitted in sealed cover to the Controller of Stores, Jacob Circle, Bombay 11 on or before 4th April, 1949. 3763

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
Hydraulic Engineer's Department
—Tenders.

BY ORDER of the Municipal Commissioner, the Hydraulic Engineer invites tenders for the work of manufacturing 72" diameter steel pipes and bends for 72" inlet Malabar Hill Reservoir.

Forms obtainable from the Hydraulic Engineer's Office, Improvement Trust Building, Napier Road, Fort, Bombay at Rs. 5/- per copy not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 6th April, 1949 at 1 p.m. (B.T.).

THE TENDERERS ARE REQUESTED TO QUOTE THEIR RATES EXCLUSIVE OF SALES TAX WHICH WOULD BE PAID WHERE ADMISSIBLE. 3760

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the right to collect and remove blood of animals slaughtered at the Bandra Slaughter House for a period of three years commencing from 1st April, 1949 to 31st March, 1952 subject to the terms and conditions which can be had from the Office of the Superintendent of Markets, Arthur Crawford Market, Bombay No. 1.

The tenders must be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner, superscribed as "Tender for the right to collect and remove blood from Bandra Slaughter House" and delivered in the Office of the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 p.m. (B.T.) on Monday, the 28th March, 1949, along with a tender deposit of Rs. 1,000/- in cash.

The Superintendent of Markets will on application supply any information required by the tenderer.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

J. P. PEREIRA,
Superintendent of Markets & Slaughter Houses.

Arthur Crawford Market,
Bombay, 19th March, 1949. 3761

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT MOUNT MARY ROAD, BANDRA.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., will under instructions from Messrs. Nagindas Hooseinally & Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Sakinabhoy Ahmedbhoy Datoobhoy & Ors., the Mortgagees and on account and at risk of Mr. Abdul Satar Wali, Mortgagor, pursuant to power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage of 18-12-43, 2nd Mortgage of 30-6-48 and Transfer of Mortgage and Further Charge of 6-5-48, sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, 8-4-49, the undermentioned immovable property on premises, at 5 p.m. (S.T.).

All that piece of leasehold land with bungalow, etc., at Bandra Hill Road, admeasuring about 3,939 square yards or thereabouts bearing Non-Agricultural Survey No. 224, Municipal A Ward, House No. 31.

For particulars apply to Messrs. Nagindas Hooseinally & Co., Solicitors or to us.

GANDHI & CO.

SALES BY AUCTION
DISPOSAL OF CANTEEN GOODS

By order of the LIQUIDATORS, CANTEEN STORES DEPARTMENT, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, 23rd March, 1949, at 11 a.m. (S.T.), at Canteen Stores Department Godown, near Rifle Range, Ghatkopar (G.I.P.), big lots Sauce, Grapenuts, Money belts, Shave Cream, lace, lamps, mugs, Tea, etc., etc. 25 per cent Cash deposit and Sales Tax. Delivery of goods from Ghatkopar before 31-3-49. For catalogues apply to: CRAWFORD & CO., Government Auctioneers, 132, Apollo St., Fort, Bombay.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLEARED CARGOES OF THE B. P. T. DOCKS.

In accordance with Section 64 of the Bombay Port Trust Act of 1879 and as from time to time amended under instructions from the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 24th March, 1949, at C Warehouse, Alexandra Dock, the undermentioned, uncleared cargoes.

Tobacco, dry colour, chemical, hardware, rayon yarn, cork, photo goods, button moulds, essences (Bushmaker), sport goods, glassware, bulbs 2,000 W, auto parts, industrial thermometers, textile machinery, tools, steam engine parts, Gluecose.

Under instructions from the B. B. & C. I. Railway and in accordance with the provisions, of Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act No. IX of 1890, MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 5th April, 1949, at 2 p.m. (S.T.) at Carnac Bridge, Goods Depot, certain Unclaimed Booked and Unbooked goods.

MENESSE & CO.

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OFFICER RECRUITMENT IN THE TECHNICAL BRANCH

Recruitment is open for Permanent Commissions in the Technical Branch of the R.I.A.F. The conditions of eligibility are given below.

AGE: 21 to 25 years. Preference will be given to candidates who possess higher educational and engineering qualifications. In the case of such applicants, the upper age limit may be relaxed to 28 years.

QUALIFICATIONS

(a) A candidate must

(i) hold an Engineering Degree in Mechanical/Wireless Engineering from a recognized Indian or Foreign University;

OR

(ii) have passed the graduateship examination of the British Institute of Radio Engineers, or have passed Sections A & B of the Associate Membership Examination of the Institute of Engineers (India);

OR

(iii) be in possession of Ground Engineers' Licences 'A', 'B', 'C', and 'D'.

(b) Any special qualifications not laid down in (a) above, will be treated on their merits.

PREFERENCE will be given to those who have been active participants in school and college games or have been in the Boy Scouts or the Officers Training Corps.

Candidates should appear in person, at their own expense, for preliminary interview as soon as possible. They should produce evidence of age and educational qualifications IN ORIGINAL. Candidates already in Government employment will be required to produce a certificate from competent authority to show that they have been permitted to apply and will be available on due dates for interview and tests, and, if accepted, will be released for service in the R.I.A.F.

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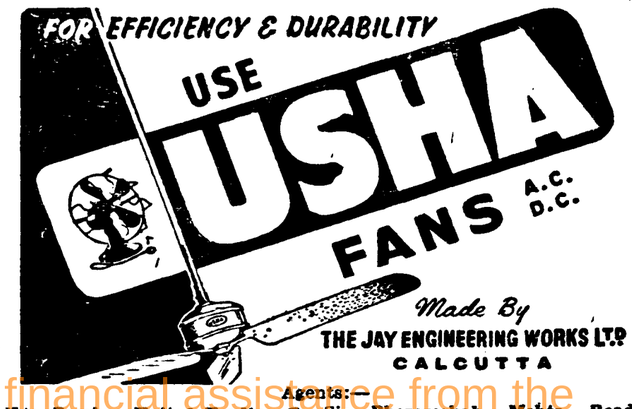

Agents:—
M/s. Bombay United Trading Co., Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, BOMBAY.

INFRINGEMENT OF COPYRIGHTS OF N. M. PAREKH & COMPANY

Police Seize Lakhs Of Labels And Printing Apparatus: Accused Give Undertaking

Breach of copyright on a colossal scale came to light when the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, disposed of a contentious case in which the complainant, N. M. Parekh of Messrs. N. M. Parekh and company, makers and publishers of artistic multicoloured labour-designs, charged Messrs. Manharlal and Company and its partners with wilful infringement and imitation of his registered label-designs.

On behalf of the complainant, the prosecution was conducted by Mr. Chhelshankar D. Vyas, Advocate (O.S.) instructed by Messrs. A. J. Joshi, M. P. Vyas, and B. S. Mehta, Advocates, while the accused were defended by Sir H. P. Dastur, Bar-at-Law instructed by Mr. Padhye, Advocate.

Counsel for the prosecution submitted that the complainant's firm, known as N. M. Parekh and Co., was the pioneer in the industry of making, printing and propagating artistic labels in India and that the complainant had expended large sums of money in getting thousands of multicoloured designs drawn, painted and lithographed at the hands of skilled artists and technicians. Copy rights in these label designs had been acquired by the complainant's firm at first through long use and distinction in the all-India market and secondly through subsequent registration of designs.

INFRINGEMENT OF COPY RIGHTS

About a year ago, counsel submitted, the complainant received a series of complaints from Calcutta, Lucknow, Cawnpore, Delhi, Madras, Bombay, Ahmedabad and other cities that imitation-labels were being sold by the accused at cheaper prices in infringement of the copyrights of Messrs N. M. Parekh and Co.

The complainant, thereafter, instituted diligent inquiries and traced the sources in Bombay through which infringing operations were carried on by the accused on a stupendous scale. A complaint was filed by Mr. N. M. Parekh in Court and it was referred to Deputy Inspector Kulkarni of C.I.D. for investigation.

RAIDS FOR COPIES

The police Officer, accompanied by the complainant, simultaneously raided the godown and shop of the accused at Princess Street and also the premises of Messrs. Royal Lithographers at Lamington Road and seized a big haul of about eight lakhs of infringing copies of more than two dozens designs, numerous lithographic slabs bearing the tracings of these designs, proof-sheets, orders, bills, books of accounts and a mass of correspondence done by the accused with the upcountry customers of the complainant. Included in these files of correspondence were numerous letters written by a partner and agent of the accused from outstations to the firm of the accused at Bombay directing the accused firm to carry out the exact imitation of complainant's designs so that that Messrs. N. M. Parekh (the complainant's firm) could be ousted from upcountry markets.

MOVE FOR SETTLEMENT

On behalf of the accused, Sir H. P. Dastur, Bar-at-Law, submitted that without admitting the allegations of the complainant, the accused would be prepared to come to a settlement, destroy or efface infringing designs on the slabs and hand over all the infringing copies of labels, to the complainant for disposal in such manner as he thought fit.

Mr. Vyas, on behalf of the prosecution, replied that the complainant had super-abundant documentary evidence to prove that the accused had wilfully and dishonestly committed infringement and affected adversely the business of the complainant's firm all over India and that even when the raids in the premises of the accused were in progress, the accused had threatened brazen-facedly to commit further infringement in the presence of the investigating police officer. Counsel for the prosecution insisted that unless the accused gave a solemn undertaking in court to refrain from committing infringement in addition to handing over infringing copies and other materials to the complainant, the case must be proceeded with.

ACCUSED GIVES UNDERTAKING

After some further discussion, the accused accepted the terms stipulated by the complainant, gave the requisite undertaking not to infringe the copyrights of Messrs. N. M. Parekh and Company handed over lakhs of infringing copies to the complainant and destroyed or effaced in court-premises the infringing materials and instruments.

Immediate Compensation For Small Property-owners

SINDHI REFUGEES' APPEAL TO CENTRE

Resolutions concerning the rehabilitation of Sindhi refugees, representation in provincial assemblies and the disposal of abandoned property were passed in the meeting at Sunderbai Hall on the 15th inst under the presidentship of Dr. Choitram Gidwani. Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose addressed the meeting for an hour. The following resolutions which were passed were forwarded to the Central and Provincial Governments:—

REHABILITATION

"This gathering express its regret that the authorities have done little so far for the rehabilitation of the displaced persons from Sind and urges upon them the urgent necessity of putting into immediate execution, plans for resettling in trade and industry the displaced persons from Sind. They should direct every Provincial and state Government and local authority and instruct every official in the service of the state to extend a helping hand and see that the displaced persons get employment in India Union.

CALL TO SINDHIS

This gathering further calls upon Sindhis who have charge of trust funds, Charitable funds, public properties or private means to pool their resources and establish centres of training and start industries and trade with courage and confidence and thus provide opportunities for Sindhis to earn their living.

FRANCHISE FOR EVACUEES

"This meeting welcomes the assurance of the Prime Minister of India that displaced persons from Pakistan who have made their home in Indian Union, will be given right of vote and the defect of non-residence for six months in a particular locality, will be waived. This meeting however feels that the condition requiring the displaced prsons to give declaration before a J. P about their intention to reside permamently in a particular locality before the name will be brought on the roll, will in effect mean disenfranchisement of most of the displaced persons, for it is difficult for so many displaced persons and especially the women among them to go to a J. P. This meeting, therefore urges upon the Bombay Government and the Central Government to remove the said condition of declaration before J. P. or at any rate to substitute it by a declaration to be handed over to the enumerator who visits houses for enrolment.

ABANDONED PROPERTY

"This public meeting of Sindhis in Bombay urges upon the Government of India that the evacuee property should be dealt with on Inter Dominion basis, that each Dominion Government should take over the evacuee property at valuations fixed and adjust their accounts inter se as may be found fessible, and on its own side, each Dominion should compensate its evacuee subjects from the property of evacuees from its Dominion and process of compensation should go on, thus causing no drain on the revenue of Government and in the meantime:— (a) The Government of India should, to accelerate rehabilitation at once pay to the owners of small properties of Rs. 20,000/- each cash compensation to the extent of the vadlue of their property and to owners of properties valued at more then Rs. 20,000/- each, partial cash compensation atleast Rs. 20,000/- for the time being. (b). The Indian Evacuees property Act should at once be extended to the whole of India, and at least to the Province of Bombay, United Province, Central Provinces and Hyderabad Deccan, if any substantial benefit is to accrue to evacuees from Pakistan. (c) An agreement with Pakistan with regard to evacuee property should be extended to the whole of the India and at least to the areas mentioned above.

INTERIM ARRANGEMENT

A preliminary to taking over of evacues property by each Dominion as suggested above, the following interim arrangements should be mutual agreement to put into effect forthwith. (a). By negotiated agreement, there should be one uniform law affecting treatment and disposal of evacusee property in both Dominions. (b). An inter-dominion machinery should be set up, with regard to an affected party to appeal to an inter Dominion Judicial Tribunal for the following purposes:— (1) To fix valuation of property as on rates of April 1947 as the daee of creation of 2 Dominions will not be a fair criterion as serious disturbances occurred adversely affecting land market. (2) To take charge of evacuee property through Government agencies set up in either Dominion and acting under the control of the Inter-Dominion Machinery (3) To collect and realise the rents, profits and income of evacuee property from the date of its occupation and pay taxes and incur expenditure on administration management and maintenance of property and keep an account of the same and (c). Payment of taxes cesses, duties assessments levied by Central or Provincial Government or by any Local Body, and all other outgoings in respect of evacuees property should be suspended or in the alternative they should be paid or satisfied out of collections of the rents and profits of such property.

REPRESENTATION IN ASSEMBLIES

This gathering notes with regret that due to lack of any representatives of displaced persons from Sind in the Assemblies of various Provinces in Indian Union, there is nobody to ventilate their grievances in the Assembly. This gathering therefore, requests the Government of Bombay to take up on the Bombay legislative Assembly. The Ex-members of the Sind Legislative Assembly as the representatives o the Sindhi displaced persons.

This gathering requests the Central Government to arrange to nominate Sind Congress "MLA", who were now distributed in the Provinces of Bombay, Ajmere, Marwar and C. P. in the respective Provincial Assemblies.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Falgun Vad 7, 2005
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Avval 20, 1368
Parsi: Meher 20, 1318
Sunrise 6-43 a.m. Sunset 6-50 p.m.
Highside 04-41, 17-56
Lowtide 10-42

To-day's Engagements

SALGREH AND NAVROZ CELEBRATION: Today (Monday) at Petit Fasali Atashkadeh, New Marine Lines, Atashkadeh's Salgreh and Nauros Celebration Jashan at 10 a.m. (S.T.) Dasturji Framroze Bode will lead the Jashan and Rambandaji and deliver a lecture on "Navroz Nature's New Year Day".

CLOSING OF RATIONING OFFICES: All Ward Area Rationing Offices as well as Head Office, Civil Supplies Godowns and attached Sales Offices, the Central Separated Milk Powder Depot at the C.C.I. the Milk Distribution Depots in B S D. and Separated Milk Powder Godowns will remain closed today (Jamshedji Navroj).

SARAN ART PRODUCTIONS: Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay is paying a visit to the Art Centre at Hill Grange School on Pedder Road at 7 p.m. today.

PRARTHANA SAMAJ:: In connection with the 82nd Anniversary of the Bombay Prarthana Samaj there will be Bhajan by Mr. Metay and other Sindhi Brahmo Brothers and sisters at 6 p.m. today in the Prarthana Mandir.

PAYMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES TAX

The fourth and the last quarter of the financial year 1948-49 of the Motor Vehicles Tax ends on March 31. The owners of motor vehicles are required to pay the tax for one or more quarters of the year 1949-50 They should remit the tax to the Regional Transport Office, Gymnasium Road Off Cruickshank Road, Bombay, in such good time that it may be credited by April 14, 1949. Payment will be accepted on working days between 10-30 a. m. and 2-30 p.m. and on Saturdays between 10-30 a.m. and 12-30 p.m.

Cheques should be darwn in favour of the Regional Transport Officer, Bombay. Payment will not be accepted without the production of a certificate of insurance

The owners desiring to keep their vehicles off the road should intimate accordingly to the Regional Transport Officer before March 31.

GOODS-TRANSPORT
BY
MOTOR LORRIES

We have arranged for Transport of Goods by Motor Lorries throughout Bombay Presidency. Factory owners and merchants are requested to contact for Fares, etc.

SHANTILAL & CO.
Motor Agents: 363-70, Samuel St., Vadgadi, Kolivada Naka, Bombay 3.
Telegrams: "MOTORAGENTS"

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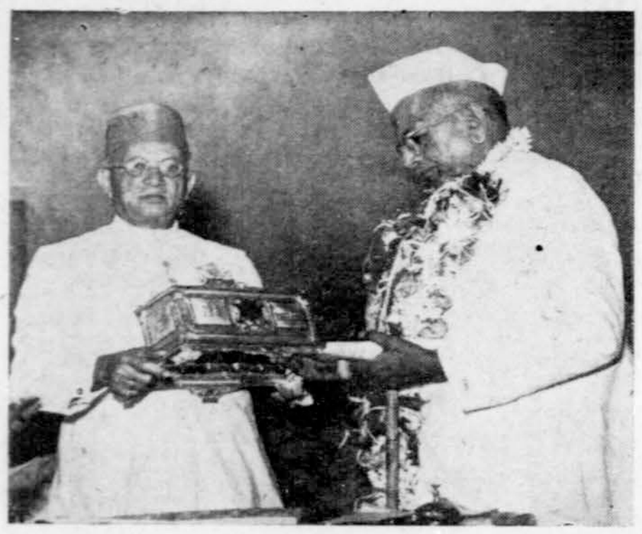

A purse was presented in a casket to Mr. Motichand G. Kapadia at a function held at Sunderabai Hall on Sunday morning.

Notes Operators' Grievances

In a joint meeting of the members of the Provincial Motor Transport association and the members of the Bombay Motor Lorry Owners' Association held on the 14th inst. with Mr. B. G. Dhoby M.L.C. in the chair, the motor operators of Bombay expressed great dissatisfaction in the management and control of the Motor Vehicles Department. The operators expressed their desire to go on strike, as representations made to the authorities have brought no relief whatsoever. They have fixed 27th March as the date for the general body meeting when the decision for strike will be finalised. Their grievances are:

That maximum period of six months only is allowed for fitness certificates irrespective of the condition of the vehicle. Permits in transfer cases are not issued or renewed.

Counter signature of permits for Bombay vehicles are issued for Thana, but when these vehicles are not allowed to load or unload in the region for which counetr signatures have been obtained, such counter signatures have no meaning whatsoever.

Temporary permits from one region to another are issued only for 7 days in a month for one route.

LAND ACQUISITION OFFICER FOR GHATAPRABHA PROJECT

The headquarters of the Special Land Acquisition Officer in connection with the Ghataprabha Left Bank Canal Project will be at Dhundal in Belgaum district.

Radio

BOMBAY, March 21.
244 metres (1,231 kc/s.)
31.41 metres (9,550 kc/s.)
7-30 a.m. Master Ibrahim Clarionet recital, 7-45 Ratnakant Ramnathkar Khayal Todi, 8-0 News in (E), 8-15 Firoz Dastur, 8-45 News in (G).
244 metres (1,231 kc/s.)
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s.)
12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude, 12-50 Parsi Garba Party, 1-0 News in (G), 1-10 Suno Suno, 1-30 News in (E), 1-40 Old Favourites.
244 metres (1,231 kc/s.)
31.41 metres (9,550 kc/s.)
5-0 p.m. Nasir Amiruddin Duggar Alap aur Dhrupad Rewa, 5-30 Master Ibrahim Clarionet recital, 5-45 Parsi Garba Party, 6-0 News in (E), 6-10 News in (H), 6-20 Baban Navdikar, 6-30 Firoz Dastur, 7-0 Topic of the Day, 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather RReport, 7-15 Master Ibrahim Clarionet recital, 7-30 Pustak Parichaya Book review in Gujarati by Gulabdas Broker, 7-45 Pankaj Mullick.
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s.)
8-0 p.m. Ahmed Dilawar, 8-15 News in (G), 8-30 V. A. Kagalkar Vocal music, 9-0 News in (E), 9-15 Sarangi Recital, 9-30 BBC News Relay, 9-40 Any Thing Goes, 9-45 Talk in English, 10-0 Antonette de Figuerido, 10-15 Egon Petri (Piano) and the Minneapolis Symphony Orchestra, 10-30 Verga's Trio.
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s.)
353 metres (850 kc/s.)
7-45 a.m. News in (E), 8-0 Ahmed Dilawar, 8-15 News in (H), 8-30 News in (M), 8-45 Nasir Amiruddin Duggar.
31.41 metres (9,550 kc/s.)
353 metres (850 kc/s.)
12-50 p.m. News in (M), 1-0 Baban Navdikar, 1-30 Nimu Mazumdar Vocal, 1-40 News in (H), 1-50 Bahnon Ke Liye, 2-20 Sarangi Recital by Mohammad Ismail.
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s.)
353 metres (850 kc/s.)
6-0 p.m. Ratnakant Ramnathkar Khayal Puria, 6-15 Calling Rural Listener, 7-30 Commercial News, 7-45 News in (E), 8-0 News in (M), 8-15 Baban Navdikar, 9-0 Nimu Mazumdar, 9-15 News in (H), 9-30 Ahmed Dilawar, 10-0 "Juliet Ane Romeo", 10-30 V. A. Kagalkar.

Baroda

250 metres (1,200 kc/s.)
7-30 a.m. Variety, 7-45 Bhogilal Patel Flute recital, 8-0 News in (E), 8-15 Nischala Desai, 8-25 Hirjibhai R. Doctor Dilruba recital, 8-45 News in (G), 6-0 p.m. News in (E), 6-10 Interlude, 6-15 For Rural Areas Relayed from Bombay, 6-35 Madhur Geeto, 7-0 D. H. Vimadalal Vocal music, 7-30 Nischala Desai Gujarati Geeto, 7-45 Topic of the Day, 7-55 Dwandwa Geeto, 8-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report, 7-15 News in (G), 8-30 Hirjibhai R. Doctor Dilruba recital, 9-0 News in (E), 9-15 "Ma Ni Dikri" Feature in Gujarati written by Jayanti Dalal, 9-30 Bhogilal Patel Flute recital, 9-45 Film Music, 10-0 D. H. Vimadalal Vocal music.

PROMOTING INTER-DOMINION HARMONY

Government's Appeal To Press, Printers And Producers

An Inter-Dominion Conference between India and Pakistan was held at Calcutta in April 1948 and amongst the various matters discussed therein was the question regarding the maintenance of harmonious relationship between the two Dominions. An agreement was reached between the two Dominions whereby it was decided that the Press should be persuaded to observe certain restrictions so as to avoid the creation of ill-feelings or bitternes between the two Dominions. The Press was accordingly requested to help the Government in honouring the terms of the Agreement.

At the recent Inter-Dominion Conference concluded at Delhi on December 14, 1948, the question was again discussed and a revised Agreement was arrived at between the two Dominions, which, in addition to the Press, now covers books, pamphlets, publications, broadcasting and films. According to this Agreement any propaganda for the amalgamation of Pakistan and India or of portions thereof including East Bengal on the one hand and West Bengal or Assam or Cooch Behar or Tripura on the other, is to be discouraged. The word "propaganda" will be taken as including any organisation which might be set up for the purpose. The Agreement also lays down that the Press in each Dominion should not (a) indulge in propaganda against the other Dominion or (b) publish exaggerated versions of news of a character likely to inflame, or cause fear or alarm to, the population or a section of the population in either Dominion, or (c) publish material likely to be construed as advocating a declaration of war by one Dominion against the other or suggesting the inevitability of war between the two Dominions. The Agreement further requires that the respective organisations in each Dominion handling publicity, including publicity through the radio and film, should refrain from (a) propaganda against the other Dominion and (b) publication of exaggerated versions of news of a character likely to inflame, or cause fear or alarm to, the population, or any section of the population in either Dominion.

In the interest of harmonious relationship between the two Dominions, the public, especially writers, authors, printers and publishers, producers of cinema films, etc., are requested to co-operate with the Government in honouring the Agreement by refraining from offending any of its terms.

RURAL DEVELOPMENT BOARD

The Government Bombay has extended the tenure of appointment of the existing Provincial Rural Development Board pending further orders.

NORWEGIAN MINISTER-DESIGNATE IN INDIA

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The Norwegian Minister-Designate in India Mr. Jens Schive arrived in Bombay today from Oslo on his way to Delhi, where he will set up his legation

IRRIGATION BOARD MEDAL FOR UNIQUE CONTRIBUTION TO INDIA'S DEVELOPMENT

NEW DELHI, March 19. (A.P.I.): The Central Board of Irrrigation has instituted a yearly award of a medal to those whose contribution towards reseacSh tecnnigue theory or practice relating to the development of India's water resources is adjusted as an outstanding contribution in the year. The work will be judged by the executive committee of the board.

U. S. Zoologist Praises Assam Rhinos

GAUHATI, March 19 (API): Dr Dhillon Ripley, Professor of Zoology, Yale University, United States of America, and a member of the Bombay Natural History Society, addressing a meeting this morning under the auspices of Biological Society of Assam said that of all provinces in India, Assam had by far the most exciting and interesting fauna.

Dr. Ripley, along with a party of naturalists and photographers, was on a fortnight's tour of Assam at the invitation of Government to study wild life and advise Government on the proper care of game sanctuaries.

Speaking about Rhinos, he said that every time he saw the Rhinos of Assam he wondered how many more human being would be privileged to see the extraordinary animal It was a sort of sight they should feel privileged to see.

DR. C. S. PATEL FELICITATED

Senate's Representative On Indian Medical Council

BOMBAY, Sunday.—At a reception accorded to Dr. Chunibhai S. Patel, Honorary Surgeon, Sir J. J. Group of Hospitals this evening, to congratulate him on his election to the Medical Council of India as a representative of the Bombay University Senate, Dr. R. S. Tirodkar, Chairman of the "At Home" Committee recalled the varied services rendered to the medical profession in general and to the cause of medical education in particular by Dr. Patel during the course of his career.

After his graduation from the Grant Medical College, Dr. Patel continued his education in England where he passed his primary, conjoint and Fellowship examinations in the record of fourteen months. On his return to Bombay he took up a modest post as tutor in Surgery and applied himself wholeheartedly to his appointment.

During the riot days he proved an indefatigable worker in tending to the injured, the sick and the needy. His statistics on the Injuries of the Thorax won him the respect of the entire medical profession.

In 1939 he won a seat on the University Senate from the Registered Graduates Constituency, and through his efforts, the cause of medical science was greatly furthered.

"Honesty, selflessness and sincerity have brought to him the high position he holds today", said the Speaker in conclusion. "Dr. Patel has rendered yeoman service not only to the medical profession but to everything associated with it."

Reading the address to be presented to Dr. Patel, Dr. P. M. Desai, Vice-Chairman, stated that the recommendations of Dr. Patel had been responsible for creating various specialists' units and equipping the various Medical Colleges and Hospitals and making them up-to-date.

A FRANK CRITIC

Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Minister for Supply, Government of Bombay, said that he knew Dr. Patel as a fearless and frank critic of measures which affected the medical profession adversely.

However, the Minister continued, while medical relief was available in the city, there were thousands of villages where medical facilities were lacking, and it was to promoting medical relief in the villages that the profession should turn its attention.

In the course of his tribute, Mr. K. M. Munshi, who presided on the occasion, described Dr. Patel as a forthright man who refused to be shackled by civilised things which bound the generality of people. He brought with him an atmosphere of cheer, confidence and goodwill. He hoped that Dr. Patel would achieve a high degree of eminence which would enable him to raise the standard of the profession till it stood on a footing with the best that Vienna and Switzerland could offer.

Other members of the medical profession also paid their tributes to Dr. Patel, who, in the course of his reply, made a strong plea for the furtherance of medical education and the provision of better facilities for the study of the science. He further made a plea for the provision of a better medical service and the organization for a network of centres for relief, not only in the mofussil but in the remote villages as well.

A silver casket was presented to Dr. Patel in recognition of the services rendered to medical science in the city, along with an embroidered address.

A sum of Rs. 20,000 which was the balance from the donations collected for the day's function, is to be handed over to the University of Bombay in the name of Dr. Patel to be awarded as scholarships to medical students as desired by the Senate.

WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, March 20 (API): The following is the daily weather summary for Sunday, the 20th March 1949.

There have been local thundershowers in Assam and a few thundershowers in Gangetic West Bengal, Orossa, Chota Nagpur and Malabar. Night temperatures were appreciably above normal in Gangetic West Bengal, Chota Nagpur, Orissa, the East Central Provinces, the West United Provinces and Gujarat

Forecast valid until the evening of 21st:— Thundershowers will occur at a few stations in Assam, West Bengal Orissa Chota Nagpur, in and near the mills of the East Punjab and the West United Provinces, in Malabar and the adjoining parts of Mysore.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, March 20, (API): Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from 1st Dec 1948 and depature from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I.S.T.) March 20, 1949:—

Ahmedabad 98 72 0 0 minus 0.2 Ahmednagar 97 66 0 0 minus 0.7 Allahabad 92 65 0 1.5 minus 0.7 Bangalore 93 71 0 6.5 minus 0.7 BOMBAY 87 72 0 0 minus 0.3 Calcutta 88 74 0 1.3 minus 1.2 Colombo 88 73 0 14.6 0 Delhi 85 64 0 1.0 minus 1.7 Hyderabad (Dn.) 99 71 0 0 minus 1.3 Madras 91 76 0 1.7 minus 5.7 Mahabaleshwar 83 66 0 0 minus 0.6 Mysore 93 70 0 0 minus 1.1 Nagpur 99 67 0 0.1 minus 1.8 Patna 84 67 0 3.9 plus 2.0 Poona 89 65 0 0 minus 0.3 Rajkot 100 65 0 minus 0.3 Sholapur 101 70 0 0 minus 0.9 Simla 56 45 0 7.9 minus 0.6 Surat 100 70 0 0.4 plus 0.1

50 P.C. OF PROFIT
will be donated to
MAHAGUJARAT FAMINE RELIEF FUND
INDIAN INDUSTRIES FAIR
EIGHTH
EXHIBITION
Displays
NUMEROUS STALLS OF USEFUL AND ARTISTIC THINGS & SWADESHI AND FOREIGN MACHINERY NEW TYPES OF ENTERTAINMENT.
AZAD MAIDAN:
DHOBI TALAO.
ADMISSION FIVE ANNAS.

MATINEE AT 12-30 P.M.
TODAY FOR HOLIDAY
INDIA FILM CORPORATION'S
Nai Reet
3RD WEEK AT
CENTRAL
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sun. Hol. Mats. 12-30
Plans open 10 to 12, 4 to 6.
A.W.I. Th. Ltd. Release

MATINEE TODAY AT 1 P.M.
DREAMY ROMANCE
that CHEERS ALL LOVERS
PRAKASH
Pictures
Magnificent Marvel.
Usha Haran
RATNAMALA-ARUN
JEEVAN-INDU-ULHAS
Director: SHANTIKUMAR
3rd WEEK
SUPER
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Ad. Booking: 9-30 to 11-30 & 5 to 7 p.m.
An Evergreen Release

MEETH-BHAKAR
By Bhalji Pendharkar
GRIPPING DRAMA OF VILLAGE LIFE IN MAHARASHTRA
DRAWING CROWDED HOUSES
At SWASTIK
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sat., Sun. 1 p.m.

TODAY MAT. AT BOTH PLACES
Madhukar Picture.
BAZAR
NIGAR-SHYAM-GOPE
MANGLA-YAKUB
KAMAL
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Today Mat. at 1 p.m.
KISMET
4 shows today 1, 4, 6-45 & 9-30

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BOMBAY TALKIES
Starring:
* KAMINI KAUSHAL
* DEV ANAND
* VEERA
* NAWAB
Direction: SHAHID LATEEF
ZIDDI
Music: KHEMCHAND PRAKASH
Daily 3-15, 6-15 9-15 P.M.
Ad. Bkg: 9-30 to 12 & 4 to 6 P.M.
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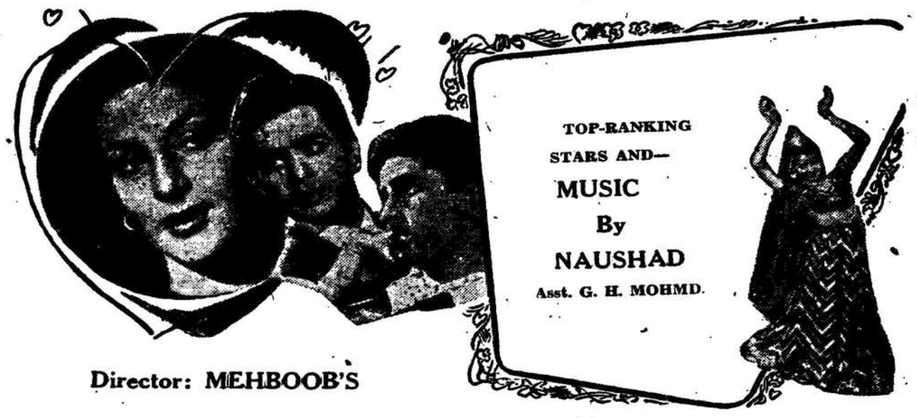
* * A GALLAXY OF STARS * *
MANORAMA * WASTI * SOPHIA * RANDHIR
CHUNARIA
(Ad. Booking 9-30 to 12 & 3 to 7)
EXCELSIOR—NATIONAL—BROADWAY
3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m. 1, 4, 7 & 10 p.m. 4, 6-45 & 9-30
CITY-LIGHT—NEPTUNE (BANDRA)
1, 4, 7 & 10 p.m. 4, 7, & 10 p.m.
SUN. & HOLIDAY
MATINEE at 1 P.M.

TODAY Is A Day Of TRIPLE GRANDEUR
ON THE GREAT DAY OF NOWROZ—A GRAND PICTURE COMES TO A GORGEOUS HOUSE!
MEHBOOB PLANTS THE FLAG OF THE EAST IN THE WESTERN SKY!
VINDICATES OUR OWN GLORIOUS CIVILISATION—DEFENDING IT AGAINST THE ONSLAUGHTS OF WESTERN CULTURE!
IN HIS POWERFUL NEW OFFERING



TOP-RANKING STARS AND—
MUSIC By NAUSHAD
Asst. G. H. MOHMD.
Director: MEHBOOB'S
ANDAZ
STARRING *NARGIS
*DILIP KUMAR
CUCKOO, V. H. DESAI,
MURAD, ANWARIBAI, AMIR
BANOO, JAMSETJI, ABBAS,
WASKER and *RAJ KAPUR

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LIBERTY
SHOW PLACE OF THE NATION
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Screenplay & Dialogues: S. ALI RAZA
Songs: MAJROOH SULTANPURI
Photography: FAREDOON A. IRANI
Recording: KAUSHIK (On R.C.A. System)
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The Bombay Chronicle

Our garnt business is n ot to see what lies dimly in the distance, but to do what lies clearly at hand.
—CARLYLE.

THE NORTH ATLANTIC PACT

The North Atlantic Pact has been long a-brewing The document that is now before the public might have come under consideration somewhere in July last year when the United States of America commenced preliminary negotiations with Canada and the West European nations, the concept of American participation in defence arrangements with European countries might be regarded as first gaining concrete expression in the Marshall Plan a year earlier; and U. S. A's departure from isolationism may be traced to June 1945 when she approved the United Nations Charter. But the idea of a more or less binding union between nations of which democratic Western Europe and America would be the nucleus, is much older It was born of an acute realisation of the inadequacies of a loosely-knit world organisation and of the British Commonwealth as it existed. Lionel Curtis first discussed the plan in his "Commonwealth of God" (1938). Beginning with a federal union of Australia, New Zealand and Britain, he visualized the Commonwealth gradually taking in a dependent India and a non-self-governing Egypt, the Dominions of Eire, South Africa and Canada, Holland, Belgium and the Scandinavian countries, and lastly the United States of America. A year later, Clarence Streit developed the concept in his "Union Now", a book which outlined a plan for federating fifteen nations. He added France and Switzerland to Curtis' Commonwealth. It was the American interpretation of the Curtis' plan and it provided for a common Parliament and a common Executive. It must be borne in mind that all these schemes were framed out of a sense of despair at building up a world commonwealth. As they were drawn up by Anglo-Americans, they were essentially schemes for a union of the democratic peoples of the white world. The intervening World War II broke into these dreams. The North Atlantic Pact is not a scheme for federation but a treaty. The collapse of the League of Nations and the rise of the United Nations on its debris brought about a new situation to which the different groups sought to adjust themselves. It is an important factor for post-war politics that nationalism has emerged stronger out of the war. Any inter-nations pact has of necessity to be one that recognises national sovereignty and builds up consultation between the nations. It is against this background that all regional agreements have to be considered.

The first of these inter-nations agreements is the Inter-American Mutual Defence Treaty of September, 1947. Drawn up in strict accord with the United Nations Charter, this treaty pledges all its signatories—21 nations—to joint action against aggression in the Western Hemisphere. The British Commonwealth of Nations and the Asian Conference are still in the throes of forming similar groups—the first impeded by the anxiety of the "British" Dominions to retain the British Crown and their reluctance to substitute for this sentimental link the more substantial principles of racial and national equality; the second restrained by the imperialist designs of the Western Democratic-Imperialisms, and the necessity of observing the provisions of the United Nations Charter. The fact that in both groups there are still possibilities of arriving at an agreement is due in large measure to the restraining influence of India and her Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, who has been insistent on the necessity of pursuing methods of co-operation and peaceful negotiation rather than willing to force a conflict that might produce a race conflagration throughout the world But for this attitude, the Commonwealth might have lost much more than Eire and ended in ignominious collapse and the Asian Conference might have figured as the champion of resurgent Asian nationalism in opposition to, instead of in conformity with, the United Nations Whilst these two organisations are struggling to exist, the 20-year North Atlantic Pact has been effected. As a move towards stabilising political conditions in the world—the other countries mentioned in the Pact as contracting parties are all incapable of standing by themselves with the U.S.A and the Pact itself has been drafted in affirmation of the United Nations Charter—the North Atlantic Pact will be generally welcomed

There are implications in such an agreement in which two units of the Commonwealth are participating members, which need earnest consideration. The first of these is the rather obvious inference that groupings of nations are easiest where the U.S.A. is directly interested. The invitation to accede that has been extended to Portugal and Italy whose application to membership of the United Nations has been vetoed by Soviet Russia, might be in conformity with the U.N. Charter which allows non-aggression and mutual assistance pacts with non-member nations, but it creates a precedent which will have tremendous repercussions. The inclusion among the original signatories of Holland which is pursuing a policy of defiance of U.N. directives in Indonesia, will lead at no distant date to difficulties in the North Atlantic group and it will be interesting to see how they will be solved. On this issue, the greatest strain will naturally fall on Britain. The attitude Britain adopts towards Holland's imperial ambitions are bound to react on both the North Atlantic nations and the Asian Dominions of her Commonwealth whose sympathies are openly with Indonesia. This again will have its effect on the Commonwealth itself which will be forced to choose between a broad racial policy and an attitude of exclusive narrow nationalism. Has Britain cast her lot with Western Europe or is she still prepared to bid for world leadership by concessions timely made to her non-European units. Her acceding to the Atlantic Pact does not necessarily imply a decision but it certainly forces the pace of inter-racial politics. In this as in other matters, it is not the negotiation of the Pact that is important so much as the policies pursued by the different signatories after the Pact is in force and the manner in which the agreement is implemented.

So far as the conflict with Communism is affected, the Pact is no doubt a powerful rallying force against Russia. As such, it will have to involve much more than mutual defence among the signing nations. It was the incapacity of these individual nations to withstand the force of Communism which brought them all together. The same consideration will in time force them to extend their activities beyond their own territories. In his explanatory press conference, Mr. Acheson, U.S. Secretary of State, was very guarded in this vital issue. Aggression by one non-Atlantic Power against another, he said would not come under the treaty but any treaty-member could takke action in such a situation. He omitted to mention what would result if the treaty-member called down on himself the attention of the aggressive non-Atlantic Power. This position is obviously unsatisfactory. It might easily mean that America is involved in hostilities because of the impetuosity of one of its fellow-signatories. The only guarantee against this eventuality is in the signatories observance of the U.N. Charter pledge to pursue peaceful methods. If that were sufficient, the need for the North Atlantic Pact becomes obscure. As Mr. Acheson observed in his rejoinder to the now famous Stalin offer, there is no need for further negotiations to establish peaceful processes of adjustment between members of the United Nations. However, the point need not be stressed. Moreover, the Marshall Plan extends U.S. commitments beyond the political obligations of the Pact. There is, of course, the danger that aggression, finding its course obstructed on the North Atlantic front, may turn its attention towards the non-pact nations. That this is not an imagined danger arising out of the Pact, can be seen from the position in China where the Communists have now adopted a more uncompromising line. On the other hand the Pact might develop into an effective restraint to would-be aggressors. As such it must be acclaimed-regardless of certain obvious shortcomings. As a pattern for regional agreements, it will have far deeper repercussions than its signatories suspect at the moment, Mr. Acheson's references to the common civilisation and the uniting force of a common sea are far-fetched. But any excuse for a political agreement however limited is good enough in a world that is torn by war and fear of war.

The Food Policy

Making the Government of India's revised food policy known to the Indian Parliament, Mr Jairamdas Daulatram, the Food Minister, indicated that food imports would stop by 1951 The Foodgrains Policy Committee, basing its calculations on material available in April 1948, laid down that India should strive to increase her foodgrains supplies by 10 million tons annually At the time food imports were reckoned at an annual total of 2 1/2 million tons The figure of 10 million tons was arrived at after considering nutritional needs Now the imports of foodgrains has mounted to about 5 million tons The time limit mentioned by the Food Minister implies that by 1951 India will be producing an extra 5 million tons of foodgrains To this target, the Provinces and States have been geared. The recommendations of the Foodgrains Policy Committee to set up a Central Board to co-ordinate food production plans and to advise the setting up of similar boards in the provinces and States are to be implemented immediately Monthly consultations between the Centre and the units and a six-monthly conference to review the situation and advise on further policy have also been decided on. Mr Jairamdas Daulatram struck the right note when he said that the food front was to be dealt with as the war front. It is this indication of the Central Government—for the Food Minister mentioned specifically that it was considered by the entire Cabinet—which mollified critics is the legislature.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

NANKING, March 19: High Government Military sources were today increasingly pessimistic over hopes of a negotiated settlement in China's long drawn out war. As heavy Communist troop movements were reported from the north bank of the Yangtse River.
—PTI-Reuter.

* * *

According to a New Delhi report, Captain Jack Hansford, a U.N. observer in Jammu, along with Major Nikkam, Indian Army Liaison Officer, was recently detained by the Pakistan Police, while investigating a complaint lodged by the Indian Army authorities regarding a border incident.

They shouldn't have done so. We mean, Captain Hansford and Major Nikkam.

* * *

In a recent speech in Jammu, Shaikh Abdullah is reported to have assured the people of the State that if they stood united not even international bodies could obstruct their permanent accession to India.

But in that case the unfortunate international bodies would be put to the painful and awkward necessity of explaining, clarifying and apologising to Pakistan.

* * *

The Prime Minister of India, replying to a question in Parliament, condemned the N.W.F.P. Communique re the alleged Indo-Red Shirt "plot" as unwarranted by fact and unfortunate in its effect on Indo-Pakistan relations.

But it is entirely warranted by Abdul Qaiyum's special circumstances and his special personal —er—virtues. The nest, of course, is no concern of the Frontier Premier.

* * *

Referring to Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, the Prime Minister said: "It is impossible for any person acquainted with this gallant fighter for freedom to believe he can be associated in any way with underhand activities".

Yes, yes, yes. But evidently Jawaharlal is not very well acquainted with Abdul Qaiyum and HIS capabilities.

* * *

In a statement at Hyderabad, Mr. V. Ramchandra Rao, General Secretary of the All-India States Hindu Mahasabha, announces the decision to start an "anti-Communist menace front".

Not so bad or unoriginal.

By the way, when does Mr. Ramchandra Rao plan to add the R.S.S. to the front?

* * *

Speaking at a dinner party in New Delhi to Reuter's delegation Sri Devdas Gandhi referred to cynics, who thought newspapers printed lies and circulated them, and said that he did not subscribe to that view but would, however, like to ponder over it.

And did he?

* * *

An American survey of the manpower and basic military resources of the 12 powers expected to join the North Atlantic Alliance revealed that their combined strength "dwarfed" that of the Soviet Union and its European satellites.

Does it make due allowance for the Togliattis, Thorezes, Pollits, Fosters, etc., of the Alliance?

INDO-PAK BACKING TO ATLANTIC PACT?

Outcome Of Gordon-Walker's Talks Will Decide Participation In Next Conflict

LONDON, March 20, (U.P.I.): India and Pakistan were presumably "fully consulted" on the text of the Atlantic Pact and they "wholeheartedly consented" to Britain joining the pact.

According to one British diplomatic source all British Dominions had been consulted in advance and they gave consent to the terms of the agreement.

Responsible Indian circles here are inclined to accept the theory that in some measure India and Pakistan have both committed themselves to the benevolent relation to the Western Defence strategy, although it is not thought that their commitments so far mean the use of their man-power or bases.

If Gordon-Walker's talks in Delhi and Karachi cause Pandit Nehru and Mr. Liaquat Ali to attend another commonwealth Prime Ministers' Conference, the safe assumption will be that notwithstanding public protests, India and Pakistan are being committed in the event of another world war, to fight against the Soviet Union.

Delhi Not Primarily Or Directly Affected

NEW DELHI, March 20, (U.P.A.): An Indian Government spokesman said today that the Atlantic Pact "does not primarily or directly affect India"

Britain Asked To Enhance Defence Outlay

LONDON, March 20, (U.P.I.): The U. S. Government has asked Britain to increase her defence expenditure allotment for 1949 over the figure already estimated according to a Washington report today.

Washington is said to be stressing that this is essential condition for Britain to qualify for military lease-lend aid under the Atlantic Treaty.

U. S. Search For 3,000-Mile Range

WASHINGTON, March 20 (PTI-Reuter): The United States is searching for a 3,000-mile range to test guided missiles an Air Force spokesman disclosed tonight.

This follows an Australian report that the United States wants to use the vast Empire Range in Central Australia for testing rockets with atomic warheads.

None of the three Armed Services Headquarters here was able to confirm the report.

Deny Reports Of Mediterranean Pact

WASHINGTON, March 20, (U.P.A.): United States officials today emphatically denied reports that the United States planned to discuss the possibility of a Mediterranean pact similar to the Atlantic treaty with Turkish

"BIGGEST MENACE TO PEACE

LONDON, March 20. (PTI-Reuter)—Moscow newspapers today devoted a major part of their foreign news pages to statesments in "progressive circles" abroad denouncing the Atlantic Pact as aggressive and likely to provoke war.

Reuter's correspondent in Moscow cabled that authough no editorial comment was made, the Soviet reader had the unmistakeable impression that the pact was the biggest menace to peace in our time and that it was necessary to rally peace-loving forces everywhere to thwart the plans of the "warmongers".

WALLACE'S WARNING

The official newspaper "Izvestia" featured condemnation of the pact by United States progressive party leader Henry Wallace under a three column headline.

Mr. Wallace's statement as quoted said that in the event of war, which the Pact was likely to provoke, the 36 to 70 divisions in Europe would be insignificant and would only result in a new Dunkirk.

The main line taken in all comments quoted from abroad was that the pact was a weapon of Anglo-American imperialists intent upon world domination and that it was "warmongering" and contrary to the principles of the United Nations.

WASHINGTON "WHITE PAPER"

In Washington, the State Department has issued a "White Paper" declaring that a Europe dominated by an antagonistic power would seriously endanger the United States.

"Dominance on the European continent, once attained and consolidated could be the first step in a larger plan of attack on Britain and then on the United States", the paper said.

The following are reactions to the pact from other world centres:—

LISBON:—The Portuguese Cabinet today issued a statement saying it had considered the United States' invitation to join the Atlantic Pact and was meeting again tomorrow. It did not say if any decision had been reached.

"PACT AGAINST PEOPLES OF EUROPE"

LONDON:—Mr. Harry Pollitt, General Secretary of the British Communist Party, declared today that the Atlantic Pact was "a war pact directed against the peoples of Europe".

"The pact is the result of forms of secret diplomacy against which the British Labour movement has always protested. It binds Britain to the aggressive war aims of American Imperialism", he said.

"WHY NOT OTHERS JOIN IT?"

MELBOURNE:—Australia's opposition leader Mr. Robert Menzies hailed the Atlantic Pact as a regional organisation "with reality and strength—the best news the world has had since the war".

"He added: "Why should not Australia, New Zealand, India, Pakistan, South Africa and other nations not now parties to the pact, but sharing our ideals of peace", join in?"

IMPETUS TO GLIDING ACTIVITIES

Revival Of Association Soon: Centre Grants Subsidy To Body

BOMBAY, Sunday (API).—Gliding activities in India, which have been in abeyance for the past seven years due to conditions created by the war, are shortly to be revived and the Indian Gliding Association, which controls this important sport, is expected to be functioning in full strength once again by the middle of this year.

Negotiations have recently been successfully carried out with the Government of India's Ministry of Communications for the revival of gliding and soaring activity in India on a national scale. These negotiations were conducted by Mr. F. Mascarenhas, a founder-member of the Association and the Consul for Cuba in Bombay and Mr. F. H. Irani, Indian Gliding Association's Chief Instructor.

The Government of India were quick to realize the importance of gliding in creating airmindedness and in raising a corps of flying enthusiasts both of which factors are expected to be extremely helpful in the training of an increasing number of air pilots.

Gliding is already a very popular sport in the West and apart from its other advantages, it will be most helpful in providing an adjunct in the delivery of air mails by a glider service linked with the "all up" air mail scheme.

The Indian Gliding Association, which is the only body of its kind in India, was first started in 1932.

The Government of India have granted to the Indian Gliding Association a capital subsidy of Rs. 60,000. A fixed annual subsidy of Rs. 20,000 has also been granted. This has taken effect from December 1948.

In 1949-50 the Association is expected to receive a grant of about Rupees one lakh for the purchase of gliders, equipment and a glider hangar. Furthermore, as an impetus to the promotion of gliding activity, the Government of India will give the Association a bonus of Rs. 250 for each student trained upto "C" Certificate and this is expected to bring in about Rs. 20,000 to the Association every year.

It is proposed to start Gliding Clubs in other important cities in India. A glider demonstration is planned to be held at Poona towards the middle of this year, and a regular course of glider training may commence towards the beginning of September. At present the Association has ten gliders in Poona. A site at Chatturshinghi Hill, Poona, has been selected for the activities of the Association as conditions there have been found suitable for gliding and soaring.

A meeting of the Indian Gliding Association was held in Bombay during the week-end and it was decided to place a cabled order for a fleet of gliders with a well-known British firm of flider mnaufacturers.

The Association has already sent their Chief Instructor Mr. F. H. Irani to the U.K. and the continents to study the latest developments in gliding and soaring and also finalize the purchase of gliders and sailplanes and other equipment best suited for conditions in India. Mr. Irani will also take a refresher course in gliding during his tour abroad.

MARKETING OF MILK IN INDIA

Government's Brochure: Bombay Plan Surveyed

NEW DELHI, March 20, (U.P.I.): The problems of marketing of milk and the present undesirable features of milk production which any plan of improvement of dairy industry in India must guard against are dealt with in a comprehensive brochure on milk marketing in India just published by the Agricultural Marketing Adviser with charts and diagrams.

The average daily per capita consumption of milk including milk products in India is only about 5 ozs as compared to 41 ozs. in the U. K. and 36 ozs. in the U.S.A. Of this meagre ration, less than half is consumed as milk as it estimated out of a total production of 45.3 crore mds. of milk not more than 36 per cent is taken as fluid milk. In the absence of facilities for speedy assembling, large scale proceeding and long distance transport of milk the brochure says as much as 43 per cent of the production has to be converted into ghee in small villages The bulk of milk consumed in Urban areas is produced at high cost in congested, stables of towns and cities under the most unhygenic conditions and adulteration is so widespread that consumers have almost become indifference to quality.

The brochure also indicates the efforts made by the central and the Provincial Governments during the past five years to arrange supply of milk to Urban areas through organization of Producers Co-operative Societies and Unions. But the part played by them is yet exceedingly small.

A brief account of Bombay's five year milk plan estimated to cost over Rs. 4,1/2 crores is also given. A number of appendices at the end contain interesting information on cattle statistics in India as well as on the production and consumption of milk.

LIBERAL ATTITUDE TO ATLANTIC PACT

LONDON, March 20, (U.P.I.): The Liberal Parties of all European countries taking part in the Marshall Plan have been invited to London in April for three-day talks on the Liberal attitude towards western Union and Atlantic Pact, and on the possibility of establishing machinery for future consultations between th eLiberal parties of European matters of common concern.

The invitations are made out by Mr. Clement Davies and Viscount Samuel.

Invitations are also being sent to cetain American Congressmen who have expressed a desire to take part in the talks.

HYDERABAD BAN ON ARYA SAMAJ LEADER WITHDRAWN

HYDERABAD, March 20, (U.P.I.): Externment orders against Pandit Ramchandarji Dehlavi, a reputed Arya Samaj leader, who was forced to leave the State twelve years ago, have been withdrawn.

Panditji is arriving in Hyderabad on March 23, to attend the annivesary of the Hyderabad Arya Samaj. During his stay in the city he will deliver a series of speeches.

Millionaires Increase In Spain

MADRID, March 20. (UPI)—Since General Franco seized power in Spain the number of millionaires has increased from less than 3,000 to over 14,000. At the same time, the real wages of the Spanish working population decreased by 88 per cent. Most workers toil for 14 hours daily in order to earn enough money to buy one kilogram of bread.

PALESTINE TRUCE TALKS

RAS EL NAKURA, March 20 (PTI-Reuter).—Israel and the Lebanon here today reached full agreement on an armistice.

The agreement already drafted, is to be signed by leaders of both peace talk delegations on Wednesday.

DUTCH REGISTRATION MEASURES

AMSTERDAM, March 20 (UPI).—The Dutch Ministry of War "Central Registration" section is carrying out registration of all soldiers and officers who speak Russian and other Slav languages It is learnt, the registration is being carried out on orders from General Montgomery's Fontaine Bleau Headquarters.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Unwarranted And Irresponsible

The arrest of a number of Red Shirt workers and the irresponsible communique issued on the subject by the North-West Frontier Province Government had their inevitable echo in the Indian Parliament when the Prime Minister made a statement, which the Government of Pakistan will be well advised to consider carefully. It will be recalled that some eight Red Shirts workers were arrested in the Hazara district on the charge of being implicated in a "heinous plot" to murder Mr. Abdul Qualyum Khan and to create confusion on the eve of the Kashmir plebiscite. It was also alleged that the plot was being inspired and financed from the Indian Union through, one, "Pandit Sahib". There are three factors, which constitute the background of the Frontier Government's move and which fully explain it. The "Pathanistan" movement, which is based on a demand for a free Pathanistan in Pakistan has not been weakened by propagandist and repressive measures including the arrest of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan and Dr. Khan Sahib but has, in fact, grown in strength. That is causing concern both to the Central and Provincial Governments of Pakistan. Secondly, there is growing discontent against Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan and his Government In fact, there is already so much of it that Muslim Leaguers have themselves been publicly denouncing the Premier and, it was only the other day that no fewer than seven Muslim League members of the Frontier Assembly openly revolted against the Party. Mr. Abdul Qaiyum, even though he has not followed Pir Illahi Bakhsh and the Nawab of Mandot finds his position no less precarious.

A Dangerous Game

The third factor is the character of Mr. Abdul Qaiyum. As is well known he is a highly ambitious political opportunist and adventurer, who will stop at nothing. In his desperate anxiety to save himself and to divert the rising discontent to other channels, he has seized on the Red Shirts and sought to damn them with what he considers the easiest and most convenient of all charges, namely, acting traitorously in the interests of the Indian Union. It is nothing to him if he forget the personal character, principles and background of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan to whom Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru rightly paid a well-deserved tribute. It is also nothing to Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan personally to make utterly lying and irresponsible allegations against the Indian Union. He has to save his own political skin and he is capable of resorting to any device helpful to him. But he is indulging in a game, which is dangerous and calls for measures against it by the Government of Pakistan. For, Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan is seriously injuring the chances of friendly Indo-Pakistan relations, which in recent months were developing markedly in the direction of welcome improvement.

Educational Expenditure

In the debate in Parliament on budget grants for education, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad appealed for more funds for Education and suggested that, if the House so desired, it could enjoin on Government to set apart ten per cent of its revenues to be spent annually on this subject. Speaking generally, more funds may well be spent by Central and Provincial Governments on a nation-building subject like Education. But it is desirable that specific schemes should be submitted by Government to the legislatures and that the latter should vote adequate grants for approved schemes. The question was asked in Parliament why there should be an Education Ministry in the Centre when education is a provincial subject. The Centre is best fitted to maintain advanced educational institutions of an All-India character which may be beyond the capacity of provinces, and it also needs funds to make grants to needy provinces undertaking big but necessary schemes, say, of compulsory education. A number of basic education grants to provinces totalling Rs. 540 lakhs, had to be curtailed in the budget year for want of funds.

Basic Education

The Centre has also to co-ordinate educational plans in the provinces. This is particularly necessary in defining the scope of basic education. It is not enough for the Central Government to recommend basic education to the provinces in two general terms. There should be some clear understanding for instance, about the time to be devoted to instruction in crafts. The original idea was to devote as much time to the subject as would be necessary to make the school fairly self-supporting. The Wardha Conference recommended 3 hours and 20 minutes for the subject in a daily time-table of 5 hours and 30 minutes. In many experimental schools 2 hours are now spent on the craft. We believe that 2 periods of 45 minutes each should suffice and that more time spent on a craft would lead to the neglect of the many other subjects whose importance has been recognised by the Wardha Conference. The main idea is that a child should be "taught" a craft calculated both to provide activity and manual training and also training in a profitable occupation. But it is wrong to push the training farther so as to recover a part of the cost of training. The State must bear the full cost of free and compulsory education.

Wanted A Synthesis

Discussing in Parliament the grants to the Health Mistry, Mr. H. V. Kamat stressed the need for developing indigenous systems of medicine like the Ayurveda which had stood the test of time for thousands of years. This plea for our ancient systems has been frequently advanced in the discussion of our educational and other schemes. But it should be obvious to all right thinking persons that a thing is not good merely because it is old or indigenous. Surely improvements, also tested by time, have been made during all these thousands of years in some part of the world or other. And there is absolutely no reason why we should not assimilate any such proved improvements. Indeed, it is our duty to assimilate as much modern scientific knowledge as we possibly can, while retaining the best in our own civilisation. Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Health Minister, rightly remarked that India must not, dare not, run away from modern systems merely because they are non-Indian. So far as medical education goes, the best way is to attempt a synthesis of systems proved to be sound, whether old or new Indian or non-Indian. Perhaps the most workable method in India would be to continue the present allopathic course with an additional subject like History of Medicine and then to enable the graduates or licentiates to take an additional diploma in systems like Ayurved, Unani or Homoeopathy. Research in any of these systems may also be encouraged with due recognition in the shape of post-graduate degrees or otherwise. This will provide ample scope for research in indigenous systems.

COPY CAT

I spent a long time this morning watching a very one-sided contest. Some crows had discovered the sleeping quarters of a large owl and had gathered their "army" of some two hundred and were making its life a misery. First the owl flew just overhead and tried to hide itself between the fronds of a coconut palm. When this was of no avail, it flew on to the roof-top, and it was most interesting to see how it defended itself from the cowardly attacks of its enemies, flapping its large soft wings, and turning to face each new aggressor in turn. Then a new form of torture arrived in the form of a crowd of little boys, who threw stones at the poor, harried owl, for the sheer joy of watching the crows chase it. How one wishes that little boys could be taught that dumb creatures have the same right to life as themselves, and that there is really not much fun in trying strings to dragonflies, killing butterflies with twigs and otherwise maiming and destroying creatures which make our world interesting and beautiful.

DALVI'S CENTURY TROPHY FINAL

Baroda's 64 For No Loss In Reply To Bombay's 620

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The remaining four Bombay wickets added 153 runs between them before Tarapore was sent back midway through the pre-ten period. This enabled Bombay to amass a total of 620, which though very big, is not considered in responsible quarters to be really big enough against the batting strength of Baroda.

With the departure of Ibrahim some 40 minutes after commencement of play also departed the dourness in the Bombay batting. Ranji who replaced him started to make strokes from the very beginning and after being missed in the slips by Sohoni off Shinde edged a widish ball from Gul Mahommad to provide Nimbalkar with his fifth wicket of the innings.

For the first time during this match play became lively after the fall of the eight wicket. Ramchand who joined Dalvi sent the second ball he received from Gul Mohammad through the covers with tremendous power and followed up that shot with others equally powerful. Some brilliant fielding by Adhikari and Gul Mohammad in the covers and at third man prevented Ramchand from getting full value for his runs. He continued to attack, however and the length of no bowler was quite safe with Ramchand at the receivers' end.

Dalvi at the other end went on quietly to his hundred. His innings was the compromise between Ramchand's knock and Ibrahim's marathon effort. Looking for runs he took legitimate risks and was not obsessed with the endless nature of this match. He did not possess as much punch in his strokes as Ramchand did, but he brought a wider range to bear on the Baroda attack and by placing his shots well kept up a good rate of scoring. He had a very narrow escape when in his 60s. Attempting to hook a bouncer from Sohoni, he lofted the ball towards mid on where Ghorpade running in just failed to make the catch. He had another close save when 96. He edged Hazare towards first slip where Sohoni did not get down in time enough to convert a possible catch.

These blemishes apart he played well and after the somewhat shaky start yesterday settled down to confident batting. He was bowled by a short but fastish ball from Adhikari which he tried to hook.

Two balls later Tarapore found himself at the wrong end of the bowling crease and the innings terminated leaving Ramchand's gallant and blameless knock unfinished.

When the Baroda innings commenced, the local batsmen discovered that they were not the only ones to realise that time was of no consequence in this match. Sohoni and Vichare emulated the example of Ibrahim and Irani and so completely did they master this art that only off the last ball of the day was boundary, forthcoming in the Baroda innings which comprised 25 singles by Sohoni and 13 by Vichare.

The wicket was playing easier today than on the previous two days. Coming through slowly the wicket afforded the batsmen plenty of time in which to make their strokes. After the moisture had dried up in the first two hours of the match the wicket became easier and continued to play easier with the lapse of time. The turf which has been allowed to remain on this wicket has been deadened by the heavy roller used by Ibrahim yesterday and the sun has dried up the wicket making it slow. From pace, therefore, no batsman need have any anxiety for the rest of the match, but the wicket might take considerable spin and show an uncertain bounce on the seventh day and thereafter, for it does not appear to be far from the mark to say that this match, at the present rate, at least, will last well into the next week, and calculations will have to be made accordingly.

Apart from a stray ball from Phadkar, Ramchand and an over from Tarapore, no bowler was able to achieve anything against Sohoni and Vichare, who continued to dig themselves in, as Ibrahim had done so that after being well set, they might proceed to get set once again.

By eliminating the time factor from this match, interest has also been eliminated at the same strokes and it appears that the Baroda batsmen are, if anything, even more determined to out-Herod Herod. They have the prolific Hazare who has no limitations other than those he imposes on himself and his younger brother who could go on batting well into the next century without once smelling a run. Sohoni, who was fortunate to have been dropped at first slip by Phadkar off Tarapore when he was 19 in a total of 40, and also in eluding a fielder on two other occasions by bare inches, continues to play a role which is alien from his gayer temperament. He prefers to crack the ball and with it his bat, but circumstances have put a lid on his natural stroke-play.

And so the game will continue to go on and on, without appearing to get anywhere. Let us pray that at the conclusion of Baroda's first innings we shall experience unseasonal rain and that the match will be rounded off on a sticky wicket with twenty wickets in a day to avenge the demise of unmade strokes.

THE SCOREBOARD

BOMBAY (First Innings)

K. C. Ibrahim c Nimbalkar b Sohoni	219
B. R. Irani c Nimbalkar b Vijay Hazare	40
M. K. Mantri c Nimbalkar b Sohoni	70
Uday Merchant c Nimbalkar b Sohoni	0
D. G. Phadkar c Vijay Hazare b Shinde	50
K. M. Rangnekar l.b.w. b Vijay Hazare	6
P. R. Umrigar c Shinde b Gaekwad	38
M. M. Dalvi b Adhikari	110
M. N. Ranji c Nimbalkar b Gul Mohammad	7
G Ramchand not out	55
K. K. Tarapore l.b.w. Adhikari	0
Extras	25
Total	620

Fall of wickets:—1-91, 2-216, 3-218, 4-318, 5-336, 6-405, 7-493, 8-509, 9-620 and 10-620.

Bowling Analysis

	O.	M.	R.	W.
S. W. Sohoni	51	11	117	3
Vivek Hazare	12	5	21	0
Vijay Hazare	53	25	78	2
Gul Mohammad	25	10	56	1
S. G. Shinde	85	18	224	1
J. N. Ghorpade	4	0	24	0
H. R. Adhikari	23	0	8	2
D. K. Gaekwad	21	2	67	1

BARODA (First Innings)

S. W. Sohoni batting	32
S. K. Vichare batting	29
Extras	3
Total (for no wicket)	64

H. R. Adhikari, Vijay Hazare, Gul Mahommad, R. B. Nimbalkar, the Yuvraj of Baroda, J. N. Ghorpade, D. K. Gaekwad, S. G. Shinde and Vivek Hazare to bat.

Bowling Analysis

	O.	M.	R.	W
D. G Phadkar	12	3	24	0
P. R. Umrigar	7	3	6	0
G. Ramchand	5	1	6	0
K. K. Tarapore	12	1	22	0
M. N. Ranji	2	0	3	0
B. R. Irani	3	3	0	0

Umpires—Messrs. M. G. Vijayasarathy and P. K. Sinha.

C. P. AND BERAR WIN SECOND REPLAY

Women's National Hockey Championship In Delhi

NEW DELHI, March 20, (A.P.I.): The C. P. and Berar Elgven beat the Madras Eleven by two goals to nil in their second replay in the Women's National Hockey Championship here today.

IN RANJI

MOUNTED SPORTS IN BOMBAY

Interesting Display On Opening Day

BOMBAY, Sunday.

An interesting days programme of equestrian skill was witnessed at the Mounted Sports held on the Cooperage under the auspices of the D. James Riding Academy. The competition was open to one and all.

The following are the results:—

Trotting Race for Children (under 16): 1. N. Merchant. 2 (Miss) Aloo Mistri 3 K. Mistry.

Relay Trotting for Novices

1. Mr. P. F. Lally 2. Mr. P. K. Pavri 3. Mr. P. K Sidwa

Open Grand Challenge for Bombay's Best Trotter:

1 P. K. Pavri 2. E. S. Metha. 3. H. P. Mistry 4. N. R. Sukhia

Thread and Needle Race

1. Dr. M. K. Pavri, 2. Mr. H. Mistry 3. Mr. P. K. Pavri

Musicals Hats and Poles for Novices

1. N. Sukhia 2. Miss Z. Kapadia, 3. Mr. I. N. Bhagat.

Touch and Out

1. Mr. P. M. D. Thackersy.

Chatty Breaking

1. Vithal Metha. 2. Mr. E. F. Metha 3. Mr. H. P. Mistry.

"COTTAGE RAKE" OUT OF GRAND NATIONAL

Champion Irish Steeplechaser Declines

LONDON, March 19 (PTI-Reuter): Cottage Rake, the champion Irish Steeplechaser, will not run in the Grand National, states his trainer, M. V. O'Brien.

Cottage Rake's next race will be in the postponed Cheltenham Gold Cup race on April 11, after which he is not likely to run again this season.

The Irish—trained Ardnacassa is a certain starter for the National, although no Jockey has yet been engaged.

Basant Singh Wins Triple Crown In Rajkot Badminton

RAJKOT, March 20 (API): Basant Singh won the singles title in the Rajkot Open Badminton Tournament which concluded here today by beating G. Ralston 15 9, 15,5.

In the Ladies Singles final Yuvarani Saheba of Bilkha defeated Mrs. N. M. Buch 3,11, 14,13, 11,6.

Results in the finals of other events were:— Gent's Doubles: Ralston and Basant Singh beat Date and Wani 15,7, 15,8.

Ladies Doubles: Mrs. Buch and Mrs. Ralston beat Yuvararu Saheba of Bilkha, and Miss Varieva 15|10, 15|12.

Mixed Doubles: Mrs. Buch and Basant Singh beat Yuvarani Saheba of Bilkha and Yuvaraja Saheb of Bilkha 15|6 15|6.

Mrs. N. M. Buch gave away the prizes.

LUSITANIANS ENTER FINAL OF PROVINCIAL HOCKEY

Scrappy Tactics On The Part Of Winners Mars Semifinal

BOMBAY, Sunday:

Lusitanian's 'A' entered the final of the Provincial Hockey Tournament, when this evening on the Bombay Gymkhana Ground they beat Kirkee United by four goals to nil. An interesting ding-dong final will be witnessed between the Lusis and Tatas.

Scrappy hockey was served up to the packed hero-worshippers of the Lusitanians' outfit. Greatest infringer of clean play was the Olympic back, Walter D'Souza, whose method of play seems to have deteriorated since making his way to Olympic heights. He has a method of clearing right into an attacker and frightening the attacking forwards.

Are these tactics taught to great Olympians by their Coach Mukerjee? As a result of this sort of play Kshatre was injured and only returned to play after medical attention.

It must be brought to notice also that Umpire Vishwanathan, 'blew merely to the Lusis supporters and not to the game. Rough play could have been avoided if he had served warnings in the early stages of the game. It was only in the second half of play that Umpire J A. Scott warned Simon Dias, the Lusis' fullback for dangerous and rough play.

On Kirkee's side I think that they gave a very good account of themselves. The three Nimals worked hard. Maleloo was outstanding in defence. Gabriel was brilliant and hard working, but he was pocketed by Walter and Maxie Vaz, who fouled badly continuously. Gabriel was seen to throw down his stick in absolute disgust on at least three occasions.

The match started on a sensational note, Lusis scoring within twenty seconds. Off the bulky Louis Vaz collected the ball and with a spurt down the line centred the ball for Woodcock to put the finishing touch. Shinde in the Kirkee goal was unprepared for the surprise. This early reverse did not unsettle United unduly for they were seen attacking in the Lusis circle within five minutes. D. Nimal looked like scoring all the way but he passed the ball to Gabriel who was not in a position to score.

Mid. field play followed interspersed with occasional visits to either goal mouths. Two short corners went in favour of the United but without result, while Saxby at the other end came dangerously near scoring. Half time was called with exchanges being shared evenly.

Kshatre, United's outside right was hit on the chin by Walter D'Souza towards the close of the first half and he was late in taking the field for the second half.

Early on after resumption Saxby, taking advantage of the lapse of deep defenders of the United entered the ring but shot feebly. Meanwhile Molaloo United's right back to stop the ball and clear it. The United did not however ward off the danger of another goal being scored against them. For, soon after Woodcock with smart stickwork eluded the defence and with the United goalies pads after Woodcock had nothing but to push the ball into the untenanted goal.

The United did not look disheartened anyway thereby and they went about toiling relentlessly for a possible reducer. The piled up pressure on the Lusis but unfortunately another break away by the winners saw Saxby score off a rebound from the goalies pads after Woodcock had taken a shot.

The Kirkee United, at the stage, had no ghost of a chance to make any tangible impression on the Lusis' defence. Still they tried to pull all their weight. With just ten minutes to go they forced another short corner, off which G. Nimal made a good shot but Menezes, the Lusitanian custodian, was equal to the occasion.

Time slipped by and the United still striving for a goal found another goal being notched against them by Woodcock right on the final call of time. Lusitanians triumphed by four goals to nil and now meet Tata's in the final.

The teams:—

LUSITANIAN'S "A"

Menezes, Dias, Walter: Gama, P. D'Souza, M. Vaz, L. Vaz, Woodcock, Saxby, W. D'Souza, H. Bocarro.

KIRKEE UNITED

Shinde; Maleloo, Darekar, Martis; B. Nimal, Readycash: Kshatre, Gabriel, D. Nimal, G. Nimal, Xavier.

Umpires:— Vishwanathan & Scott.

In the Day's Sport

HOCKEY

BOMBAY GYMKHANA GROUND

4-20 Maharashtra vs St. Xaviers

5-30 Lusitanians vs Olympic Nagpur (Invitation Tournament)

Association Ground

5 p.m. St. Mary's vs Dufferin (School's League)

HEADLEY AS COACH FOR PAKISTAN?

Unofficial Team From England May Tour India

TRICHY, March 20 (API): Mr. Mohammed Saeed, Captain of the Pakistan Cricket Team which is to tour Ceylon, told the A.P.I. today that the Pakistan Cricket Board of Control was negotiating with George Headley the West Indies all-rounder to visit Pakistan and coach Pakistan cricket players. The Pakistan Cricket Team which passed through Trichy by air this afternoon from Karachi consists of fifteen players, and Mr. K. R. Collector is the Manager of the Team.

Mr. Mohammed Saeed said that the position of cricket in Pakistan was satisfactory All the matches which the Pakistan teams played against the West Indies had ended in a draw.

Asked whether Pakistan had any tournament on the lines of the Zonal Tournament and Ranji Trophy in India, Mr. Mohammed Saeed said that apart from Inter-Club fixtures they had Inter-University and Inter-Provincial Tournaments. Every steps was also being taken to improve the standard of cricket in Pakistan, he added.

Asked whether Pakistan would join hands with India in inviting an Unofficial team from Great Britain in view of the cancellation of M.C.C.'s visit to India and Pakistan, Mr. Mohammed Saeed said that at the recent Asian Cricket Conference India, Pakistan and Ceylon had jointly decided to invite an Unofficial Team from Great Britain to visit India.

Mr. Mohammed Saeed loocked forward to meeting an All-India Eleven at an early date.

Following are the Pakistan players who will tour Ceylon:—

Mohamed Saeed (Captain), Fazal Mahmood, Nazar Mohmed, Imtiaz Ahmed, Khan Mohammed, S. A. Rahman, B. G. Irani, Alimuddin, U R. Chippa, Mohammed Amin, Mohamed Aslam, Shuauddin, Anwar Hussain, Murrawat Hussain and Maqsood Ahmed.

Britain's Athletic Hope Breaks Mile Record

INTER-VARSITY SPORTS IN LONDON

(By VERNON MORGAN, Reuter's Sports Editor).

LONDON, March 20 (PTI-Reuter).—Those who went to White City Stadium to watch the Inter-Varsity Sports were greatly cheered by the superb running of Young Oxonian Roger Bannister who, running the mile in four minutes sixteen point two second broke a 44-year old University Record.

It was not so much the fact that he broke this record which brilliant "Milers" like Olympic Champion Jack Lovelock failed to do, but that he did it easily in cold, damp weather.

Here is the man who may bring to Britain an Olympic Gold Medal in 1952 at Helsinki. If any man deserves this success it is Bannister.

This well built young runner of twenty years could have run for Britain in the Olympic Games in London last year, but he turned down the invitation on the grounds that he was too young and inexperienced.

There are more than three years to go before the next Olympiad and much can happen in that time, but all things being equal, Bannister will be one of the best fancied candidates for the Olympic 1500 Metres in Finland's capital.

Before then he is expected to go to Auckland, New Zealand, for next year's Empire Games, and if he does not win the mile for England against the Empire's best milers, it will indeed be surprising.

Bannister is going to take up Medicine, as Lovelock did.

There is some suggestion that Bannister may take to running half-miles, but this would probably be only to sharpen him up, for he has the build and stride of a miler, excellent as he would doubtless be over a shorter distance.

Another thing to gladden hearts of British athletic enthusiasts was the new track. This was the first time this newly laid track has been tried out and it stood its test well.

The fast timings proved that, for two other records went, including the Three Miles. It will still have to be seen how the track, which is laid on similar lines to the Olympic Track at Wembley, will stand up to hot dry weather, but in the damp March climate it was splendid.

SCHOOL HOCKEY LEAGUE

Goalless Draw In Interesting Game

BOMBAY, Sunday.

In the School's Hockey League played on the Association Ground Little Flower and Don Bosco's were concerned in a goalless draw.

By virtue of these teams drawing St. Xavier's are now virtually assured of gaming premier honours in the League.

Both sides were well matched and a goalless draw, was a natural and expected result.

Swedish Football Team To Tour India

BANARAS, March 20 (UPI).—A Swedish Football team which received the dignity of championship in the recent London Olympics is touring India at the fag end of the ensuing Soccer season here, on an invitation from the All-India Football Federation it is learnt.

BRITAIN'S NEW ATHLETIC STAR

20-Year Old Oxfor Miler —Roger Bannister

By GEORGE CHANDLER UPA Sports Writer

LONDON. (UPA)—A new star is rising over Britain's athletic horizon. He is 20-year-old Roger Bannister, president of the Oxford University Athletic Club, who, many experts predict is potential successor to world-beater Sydney Wooderson.

The six-foot tall, blonde-haired runner, strengthened the experts' belief when he was clocked in 4 mins. 16 2/10 secs. for the mile run in the annual Oxford and Cambridge track meet, breaking the old meet record of 4 mins 17 8/10 secs. set by C. Henderson-Hamilton of Oxford University in 1905. In addition, Bannister became the third Oxonian to win the mile for the third successive time.

A third year medical student at Exeter College, Oxford Bannister has jumped into prominence in the past three years, but unlike several promising athletes he has resisted the temptation of too much competition. He was named as one of Britain's Olympic possibles who were to receive special training, but asked that his name be withdrawn because he felt that he was not ready for big-time athletics.

He created his first surprise at the age of 17 when he was selected as "third string" for his university team in the mile, despite the fact that his only previous running experience consisted of a few cross-country runs. But not only did he beat the Cambridge men, but the first and second strings of his own team.

Bannister runs with a long, effortless stride, and is already a master of pace judgment, while he proved his stamina by finishing second and freshest in the last inter-University cross-country match.

"The "new Wooderson", as some commentators have already begun to call him, has no hard and fast rules regarding training, but he insists that a runner must develop natural speed before consolidating stamina. For this reason he plans to concentrate on the half-mile this season.

In his first attempt over this distance he was timed 1.55 secs., equalling the fastest time ever achieved by Jack Lovelock, the New Zealand Olympic star. When it is considered that Mal Whitfield's Olympic record for the 800 meters (875 yards) is 1 min. 49.2 secs., Bannister's effort was no mean achievement.

Although Bannister intends to confine his efforts to the half-mile during the forthcoming season, most athletic experts believe that he will eventually switch back to the mile.

The sports commentator in the evening newspaper "The Star" was among those who hold this belief, and when he wrote. "In my opinion we have in Bannister a real hope for a victory in the 1952 Olympic Games", he was expressing the thoughts of many who have been watching the steady advancement of the young Oxford president.

MARSHALL'S HIGHEST BREAK OF TOUR

But Is Beaten By Selvraj In Snooker

MADRAS, March 20. (API)—Robert Marshall of Australia gave another grand display of Billiards here today when he met Jamal Mohamed, a former South Indian Champion, in an exhibition game of two hours.

Like yesterday Marshall was "off colour" during the first hour though he was leading with 356 points to Jamal's 260 but gradually warmed up and touched brilliant heights. During the last half-hour he made two-century breaks of 200 and 261 respectively the later being his highest for the present Indian Tour and the highest break ever made in Madras. The previous best was Kingsley Kenerley's 239 made last year in one of his exhibition game.

The final scores at the end of the two-hour session were Marshall 1084 and Jamal Mohamed 376.

Marshall's best breaks were: 62, 67 53, 76, 85, 200 and 261.

Jamal Mohamed made breaks of 44 and 52.

In Snooker T. A. Selvaraj of Bangalore, All-India Billiards and Snooker Champion, got the better of Marshall by annexing the last three frames in a best of five encounter, the scores being 45-51, 22-88, 68-32, 50-33, 43-26.

Fair Judgment" Wins Lincolnshire Handicap

LINCOLNSHIRE, March 19 (UPA) Fair judgebent, a six to one favourite ridden by jockey E. P. S. Smith today scored a popular win in the Lincolnshire handicap to net the owner, C. Gordon, the prize of £ 3,986, the record stake for the race.

Goldbor was second with Yellw Idle third.

PRAVINA MAY ANNEX AGA KHAN'S SPRING CUP

Stiff Opposition Feared From Mubarak

(By Our Racing Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The main attraction in tomorrow's card, the Aga Khan's Spring Cup has fifteen probable starters. Recent winner, Pravina is likely to make a start-to-finish attempt and bag the coveted trophy. Khade is scheduled to ride speedy Mubarak and we may expect to see him make a bold attempt there.

The following are my selections:—

First Race:

STRIDING EDGE
RAJ LUXMI — Win / Next Best

2nd Race:

PROSPERO
NIRVANA — Win / Next Best

3rd Race:

VALIANT PRINCE
BRILLIANT SUNSHINE
if ab. Ginger Lady — Win / Next Best

4th Race:

PRINCESSA
ANANT LAKSHMI
if ab. Tabassum. — Win / Next Best

5th Race:

KALPNA
FLYING CLIPPER
if ab. Fashion Parade — Win / Next Best

6th Race:

PRAVINA
MUBARAK — Win / Next Best

7th Race:

GAMBLE FOR LOVE
PLAY ON — Win / Next Best

8th Race:

ABBESS
GAY PILOT — Win / Next Best

Choice Treble
PRAVINA
GAMBLE FOR LOVE
ABBESS.

Flukes:
PURE EMERALD
BLACK PAGE.

Brisk Spurt By Mubarak

JAWAHIR AND PLAY ON ALSO IMPRESS

(By Our Track Reporter)

The following spurts have been noted for the Holiday Meeting:

OUTER TAN

ABBESS (Shaikh) moved in great style when covering three furlongs in 36-1/2 secs. She should run well tomorrow.

NASRULLAH (Khade) did an easy three furlongs spurt in 37 secs.

PLAY ON (Chavan) did a brisk three furlongs in 36 secs. He will be concerned in the finish of the Champagne Stakes.

CHURCHILL (Hanuman) negotiated three furlongs in 38 secs.

JAWAHIR (Kheem) comfortably held KHUNDIL (Antoo) when sent over three. He clocked 35-1/5 secs.

FLYING PRINCESS (Mitchell) moved well in hand when tried with STRIDING EDGE (D'Monte) over three furlongs. Timing 36-1/2 secs.

D. DAY (Chavan) shaped better than BROKEN MASK (Purtu) when covering three furlongs in 36-2/5 secs.

PURE EMERALD (Damodar) strode freely when covering three furlongs in 38 secs.

BOOP'S FANCY (Chavan) covered four furlongs in 50-1/5 secs.

DOMINATOR (Shaikh) was not extended when covering three furlongs in 37-4/5 secs.

MUBARAK (Khade) was out for an airing over three. He clocked 36-1/5 secs. He is sure to make a strong bid for the Aga Khan's Cup.

RACE GRASS

CHERRY BLOSSOM (G. Chavan) moved at an easy pace and clocked 38-1/2 secs. for three furlongs.

VALIANT PRINCE (Duffy) was in hand when covering three furlongs in 37 secs. He may run a different race under Duffy's care tomorrow.

ANANT LAKSHMI (Shaikh) clocked 36 secs. when sent over three furlongs.

GAY PILOT (Medhe) put a speedy three furlongs in 35-4/5 secs.

PRAVINA (R. Mulla) moved on the bit when covering three furlongs in 36-1/2 secs. She is likely to repeat in the cup race.

NEW WORLD RECORD FOR 1¼ MILES

"Coaltown" Does It In In Min. 59⅕ Secs.

MIAMI, March 19 (P. T.I. Reuter): The four-year old colt Coaltown Bull Lea-Easy Lass) today equalled the world record for one mile and a quarter when winning the 20,000 Dollars Gulf Stream Handicap in one minute 59/8 seconds.

According to available figures the record was set at Brighton, England, on June 21, 1939 by Saint Andrews the Second.

ENCOURAGE INDIAN GAMES

Says B.P.C.C. Secretary

BOMBAY, Sunday.

"Indian Games also play an important roll in breeding Nationalism among its young generation and we must encourage them" said Shri S. L. Silam, General Secretary, B.P.C.C., inaugurating the Hututu Tournaments organised by the Sinha Gadh Hututu Club, at Forjett Street today (Sunday), at 8-30 a.m.

Lee Oma Goes Down For A Count Of 9, But Wins On Points

NEW YORK, March 19 (PTI-Reuter): Lee Oma, the Detroit Heavyweight, survived a first round count of nine and went on to gain a unanimous points decision against Omelio Agramonte of Cuba, over ten rounds last night at Madison Square Garden.

It was Oama sixth successive victory in his comeback campaign.

He weighed 13 stones, 13 and a half pounds, which was 11 and a half pounds heavier than Agramonte.

INDIAN FOOTBALL LEAGUE

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The First and Second Divisions of The Indian Football League, conducted by the IFL is scheduled to commence at the St. Xavier's College Gymkhana Ground, Parel, from the First Week of April, 1949. Entries close on 31st March, 1949 at 6 p.m. and should be addressed to:

The Hon. Secretary, IFL C/o, Bengal Club, Shri Krishna Niwas, Parel.

Australian Wants To Win World Title

LONDON, Mach 20, (PTI-Reuter): Dave Sansa 22-year-old holder of the Australian Middle and Lightheavyweight Championships arrived here by air today to meet Tommy Yoross the American Lightheavyweight at Harringay on April 4.

Sands has a permit to remain in Britain for six months but said that if he did well he would apply for an extension. His ambition is to win a World Championship at Middle or Lightheavyweight and is confident he can do it.

Dark Blues Satisfied With Their Form For Boat Race

LONDON, March 19 (PTI-Reuter): Cambridge University Boat Race crew rested today and visited Eastbourne on the Sussex, but Oxford after their splendid full course trial yesterday did some very useful paddling on the Thames. Once rough water was encountered, and the Dark Blues showed their capabilities by negotiating this well. No serious rowing was indulged in, and their Coach and as well as the whole crew are highly satisfied with the present form.

INVITATION HOCKEY TOURNAMENT

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Goan's Sports Club held the Times of India to a goalless draw in the first game of the Invitation Hockey Tournament which commenced on the Bombay Gymkhana Ground this evening.

A rather tame note was sounded and hockey far below the standard was witnessed. A draw was a correct indication to the way the game was played.

Goan Sports could hav eestablished an early lead, but centre forward Correia made a capital error Anthony Bragnza worked his way down to goal line and centered to goalmouth, Corria who was positioned turned and shot and was rightly blown up for turning.

Times today faced a nippy side that attacked from the start and the Pressmen's defence were having a difficult time. In the first ten minutes of play two more chances were wasted Ceasar Gomes missed a good pass from Corria and Brown came to the Pressmen rescue and cleared wen Correia was running through.

The Pressmen never seemed to make a good move throughout the first half and it seemed as though they were off colour and the sides crossed over with a blank score board.

The Times outfit made some changes in their ranks and Tony Vas moved to right inner John Vas going centre. Hubert D'Souza went to centre half and John Rodrigues took his place as right half, but little difference was noticed The Goans still maintained pressure and kept the Times on the defensive.

Goan Sports were definitely on top and it seemed a draw but in the last ten minutes of play Times rallied to a good attack and repeatedly made desperate attempts to score. John Vaz and Tony Vaz almost scored on three ocassions, but that last finish was absent. At the end of the second half no score was still registered and extra time was played but proved in vain. No incident of note oecured except that Braganza of the Goans had a good opportunity to score

M. C. C. MAKES IMPORTANT CHANGE IN LAWS OF CRICKET

Umpires Must Give Chance To Fielders To Run Batsmen Out If They "Pad" Deliberately

LONDON, March 19 (PTI-Reuter): The M.C.C. announced that they have notified all Counties and Umpires that an amendment has been made to a Note on the Law regarding leg-byes.

Last year it was pointed out that it was for the Umpires to decide if a batsman deliberately deflects a ball other than with his bat and to call "dead ball" under Law 25 if necessary.

This ruling has been reviewed and it is now considertd that the Umpires have no right to intervene in any way until the ball has gone "dead" in the ordinary course of events and Note One to Law 30 should be interpreted in the following sense:-

"In the event of the batsmen running, the Umpires will not call "dead ball" but when the ball has ceased to be in play, will disallow any runs made and order the batsmen back to their original wickets".

The reason for this Ruling is that by calling "dead ball" or any other form of intervention, the Umpires may prevent the fielding side from obtaining a "run out" under circumstances in which the batsmen and not the fielding side are the offending party.

4 MILLION TONS FOOD IMPORTS THIS YEAR

Maximum Rationing To Be Reached By October

NEW DELHI, March 20:

Indian imported 28. 4 millions tons of foodgrains costing about Rs. 130 crores, and entered into eight agreements with foreign countries in 1948, says a report of the Food Ministry, Government of India. Of these agreements, three were with Pakistan, two with Australia, and one each with Argentina, USSR and Yugoslavia

The unsatisfactory economic conditions in the country and the inflationary trend of prices were considered by the Cabinet in September 1948 and it decided to reimpose controls on cloth and food. This decision was endorsed by a Conference of Provincial and State Premiers which recommended an immediate reimposition of controls over the prices, procurement and distribution of the principal foodgrains.

The objective of the revised food policy is to achieve under central direction and co-ordination, by October 1949, the position regarding procurement and rationing which existed in November 1947. Further steps required for the achievement of uniformity in these two matters will be considered in July 1949.

EXTENSION OF RATIONING

Before decontrol the number of rationed towns under statutory, nonstatutory, and controlled distribution was 1,008 covering a population 148.3 million. Since the adoption of the revised policy, most of the Provinces and States have restarted or intend to reintroduce rationing with the aim of going back as soon as practicable to the position obtaining before decontrol, i.e., the extent of rationing and population in December, 1947.

The total rationed population including those under controlled distribution is now 125.6 millions.

REQUIREMENTS FOR 1949

Owing to a crop failure in West India, damage to crops in U.P. and Bihar on account of floods, cyclone in Bombay and excessive rain in C.P., the net requirements of the Provinces and States for meeting their rationing commitments in 1949 were made out to be over six million tons. In view, however, of the limitations of foreign exchange resources and working on the assumption that the Provinces and States would procure more this year, it is proposed to import 4 million tons.

REVISION OF PRICES

The prices for the Rabi grains will shortly be reviewed and fixed at reasonable level fair to the producers and consumers. With the import arrangements almost completed, Rabi crop prospects being satisfactory and maximum efforts being made for internal procurement and extension of rationing, it is hoped that the prices would stabilize themselves and not rise further.

It has been decided to intensify the production of heavy yielding crops such as sweet potatoes. This is a short?term measure intended to add substantially to the quantity of cereals available for consumption in the country.

SHIPMENTS FROM ABROAD

An officer visited Egypt twice during the year to handle rice shipments from that country and to inspect them for quality and arrange freight. As a result of these visits a saving of over Rs. 10 lakhs in freight was effected.

An officer was sent to French Indo-China to negotiate with the Government of that country the price of rice allocated to India from Indo-China, and to make arrangement for inspection of its quality and for shipment. As a result of this visit, a saving of Rs. 3,75,466 in cost and freight and Rs. 27,000 on account of buying, inspection and shipping commission was effected.

During 1948, 43,200 tons of foodstuffs valued at Rs. 2,75,00,000 were used by the Ministry for refugee camps situated in different parts of the country. The present number of refugee camps for which the Food Ministry arranges supplies of foodstuffs is 60 with a population of about 4,00,000. For the Army 54,000 tons Rs. 6 crores were purchased during of foodstuffs valued at approximately 1948-49.

IMPORTANCE OF MORAL VALUES

Jawaharlal's Address At Ramakrishna Anniversary

NEW DELHI, March 20. (U.P.I.): Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister of India, stressed the importance of moral values while addressing a public meeting, held here this evening to observe the 14th anniversary of Shri Ramakrishana Paramhansa, organised by the Delhi branch of the Ramakhrisha Mission. Swami Nikhilanand, President of the New York Branch of the Mission presided.

Pandit Nehru warned that the problems of the world would remain unsolved or rather they would become more intricate if high moral standard was not maintained and if the politicians ignored the importance or moral values.

Continuing Pandit Nehru paid a tribute to Swami Ramakrishna for his valuable services to the country and community at large. He said that the greatest quality of Shri Ramakrishna was that he did his work silently and without pomp and show.

Pandit Nehru further said that Swami Ramakrishna had a tremendous influence on the country and moreover he had trained many intellectuals. One of his disciples Swami Vivekananda, was probably one of the greatest intellectuals of the country. Whatever he wrote 50 years ago held good even today.

Pandit Nehru concluded by saying that Swami Ramakrishana by his lofty ideals and with the help of his disciple Shri Vivekananda had in fact breathed a new life into the nation and had inculcated on the people a burning desire to progress. It was, therefore the most pressing need of the hour that the teachings and the ideals of Swami Ramakrishana should be translated into practice.

'Youngest Craduate Of Allahabad'

NEW DELHI, March 20, (A.P.I.): "I present myself as one of the youngest graduates of the Allahabad University", observed Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India when requested by Dr. Tara Chand, Secretary, Ministry of Education and President of Allahabad University Old Boys Association of Delhi to initiate the self-introduction ceremony at the annual gathering of the old boys of the University of Allahabad here this evening.

Pandit Nehru's claim to be a graduate of the Allahabad university and that too one of the youngest was not easily acceptable till it was explained that his claim was justified on the grounds of he being conferred the honorary degree of Doctrate by the Allahabad University at its Diamond Jubilee Convocation in 1947.

Dr. Panna Lal, former Adviser to the Governor of the United Provinces was the oldest graduate of the Allahabad University present at the function.

Yugoslavia To Close Polish Exhibition In Belgrade

BELGRADE, March 20 (PTI-Reuter): Yugoslavia has decided to close the permanent Polish exhibition in Belgrade because of the refusal of the Polish Government to open a similar Yugoslav exhibition in Warsaw, Tanjug, the official News agency, reported.

KARWAR AND BOMBAY UNIVERSITY

Plea For Continuation Of Old Link

KARWAR, By Mail): A resolution demanding the exclusion of the Konkan District of Karwar from the jurisdiction of the Karnatak University and urging the Government to allow the educational institutions in Karwar to continue and maintain their relations with the Bombay University as before, was passed at a public meeting in Baitkhol (Karwar) held under the presidentship of Mr. S. G. Salaskar, President of the Bhandari Education Society, Karwar. In the interests of national unity, it was further resolved that the Government be requested not to emphasise unduly the importance of languages now styled as 'regional' but the Government should introduce the national language wherever possible.

ARAB LEAGUE'S STATUS

CAIRO, March 19, (PTI-Reuter): Abdul Rahmann Azzam Pasha, Secretary-General of the Arab League, is to draft a note to M. Trygve Lie, United Nations General Secretary, on the League's status as a Regional Organisation in relation to the United Nations.

The Council of the Arab League decided on this step at a meeting here today, presided over by transjordan, and attended by representatives of all members states except Iraq.

U. P. Plan For Cloth Self-Sufficiency

LUCKNOW, March 20. (UPI)—The first State enterprise to be financed from the U.P. Government's Industrial Corporation Fund, recently set up would be the Rayon Factory—for manufacturing artificial silk. This announcement was made by Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, the Premier while opening the rayon manufacture exhibition this evening in the Kaisarbagh Bardari.

The factory, which would be shortly established, would have a capacity of 10 tons of yarn per day valued at Rs. four crores. The daily output of cloth would be 2.75 crore yards, valued at Rs. 17 crores. All raw materials are said to be available within the province.

Pandit Pant held out a hope that with the manufacture of rayon cloth, Government would be reaching self-sufficiency in cloth for the province at no distant date. He even expected that U.P. production might be more than its demand.

NEED FOR INDUSTRIAL COURTS STRESSED

ASANSOL, March 20. (UPI)—A resolution urging upon the Bihar Government to constitute industrial courts at every important labour centre in the province was adopted at the Bihar Provincial Conference of the I.N.T.U.C. held at Barinagar this evening.

About 300 delegates from different unions all over the province and about 15,000 visitors attended the conference which was presided over by Mr. M. John, M.L.A. President of the Bihar Provincial I.N.T.U.C.

Pandit Hariharnath Shastri, Sri Khandubhai Desai, Sri Deven Sen, M.L.A., Mr. V. G. Gopal, general secretary of Tata workers' union and the general secretary of the Bihar I.N.T.U.C. were present at the conference.

WILL NEHRU TURN THE CORNER?

Jayaprakash Enunciates Socialist Theme At Indore Meeting

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE CITY, March 20.

Addressing a largely attended public meeting here the Socialist leader Jayaprakash Narayan said "I am of definite opinion that it is impossible for Jawaharlal Nehru to turn corners and that he is only a helpless Bhishma Pitamaha in army of Kauravas of Mahabharat story. I do not ask you", he added, "not to wait in expectation of Nehru's miracles but you will have to make discretion while time for election comes under adult franchise.

"In spite of Government shortcomings and they are many", Socialist leader said, "adult franchise is certainly something commendable provided people make its proper use otherwise history of centuries of England will be repeated here when capitalists or their supporters will be elected out of votes polled by poor millions".

Jayaprakash made it clear it was no time for revolution and what we wish to achieve in India is a Socialist State which can be achieved through democratic way of elections.

"Those 'reds' who talk of revolution do not understand what they say and their ways will take us hundred years back", said he.

The Socialist leader strongly criticised Government's India policy of nationalisation of even key and new industries, which capitalists very much liked in spite of their being on strike and not supporting the Government.

Mr. Jayaprakash dealt with the present conditions of the Congress and its shortcomings and explained his party's stand and appealed to people to support the Socialist party.

Earlier Mr. Jayaprakash appealed to local Hindu textile workers to allow those Muslims to work in mills, who had left the city during the riot days.

ALLAHABAD, March 20. (API)—The National Academy of Sciences India yesterday elected Prof. Arnold Heim Geologist, Zurich as an Honorary Fellow of the Academy. The Zurich Professor was recommended by Prof. Birbal Sahni and the Council of the Academy.

CHANGES IN ROYAL MINT IN LONDON

Dropping Of "Emperor Of India" From Coins

LONDON, March 20. (UPI)—Speat the Royal Mint in the dies used for casting the Royal maundy money, which may be distributed by Princess Elizabeth at a special Westminister Abbey service on Thursday in Easter Week.

The changes were necessary because of the dropping of the letters I.M.P. —Emperor of India—from the superscription round the top of the diminutive silver coins.

There will be 108 recipients this Easter—54 men and 54 women-corresponding to the age of the King.

The maundy money has hardly changed in shape or form: Save with alternations of the Royal head for successive reigns, since it was first distributed in the reign of King Chrales II.

MEHERCHAND KHANNA'S ADVICE TO REFUGEES

NEW DELHI, March 19, (A.P.I.): Mr. Meher Chand Khanna, Adviser to the Ministry of Rehabilitation, explaining the rehabilitation programme of the Government to Congress workers at a meeting here today said that Government had a moral obligation to solve the refugee problem and sincere efforts were being made by it to fulfil this obligation.

Mr. Khanna said the refugee problem a problem which has no equal in history cannot be tackled in a day or two. Sixty thousand displaced persons are to be rehabilitated in different provinces of the Indian Union. No Government can afford to provide the displaced persons with those amenities which they enjoyed in their original homes. Besides the difficulties of raw material and capital for rehabilitation work there are numerous other difficulties which the Government is facing in implementing its schemes. The refugees should take into consideration all these facts and instead of destructive criticism should help the Government in solving the problem."

Mr. Khanna appealed to the refugees to adjust themselves to the environment of the place where they were fived up and not to waste their time in thinking in terms of provincialism.

The citizens of different provinces should not also hesitate in helping thoce destitutes who were forced to leave their original homes and come to their rescue.

Commissioner's Appeal To Councillors Deplored

PONDICHERRY, March 20 (API).—Commenting on the speech made by the French Commissioner at today's meeting of the Municipal Councillors, Mr. R. L. Purushotham, President of the French India Congress, said that he was surprised that the Commissioner had used the platform to "voice the French case exhorting the Muincipal Councillors to remain within the French Union."

"The Commissioner", Mr. Purushotam said, "was offering some temptation of more liberal reforms in future and a choise place in the French Union which is uncalled for on an occasion when India cannot make any similar appeal.

"If the French Commissioner assumes in his speech no interest to retain their hold on French India, why not they take off like the Britishers? By their doing so, the vulnerable points on the coastal areas of India would cease to exist and by that the French could cement the cordial relationship between this country and theirs."

"Atomic City" Opened To Public View

WASHINGTON CELEBRITIES AS INVITEES

OAK RIDGE, TENNESSEE, March 20 (PTI-Reuter): America's "Atomic City," Oak Ridge, whose uranium factories are among the most closely guarded secrets in the country was opened to the public for the first time yesterday with ceremonies matching any Hollywood premier. Film stars and celebrities from Washington gathered round to watch a ribbon at one of the gates go up in a puff of smoke—"ignited by the first atomic generated electric impulse ever transmitted by wire."

The gate opened and thousands of people began flocking into the famous city, (population 36,000).

But they would not see much.

The minute the gate opened, new security regulations went into effect—and the uranium factories were still more jealously guarded by a fourteen-mile fence newly erected.

Since 1942 when the city was built, no one has been allowed in without a pass.

Six Hyderabad Reds Arrested

HYDERABAD, March 20, (U.P.I.): Six prominent Communists, including Chandra Gupta Chaudhri, Maharashtra Communist leader, were rounded up by the Nanded district police in a surprise raid on their hide out.

It is stated that Chandra Gupta Chaudhri had called a meeting of the district Communist workers at Mirza Bagh when the police, getting scent of the news, swooped down on the place and arrested the leaders as well as some mill workers who were present at that time. Later, however, the mill workers were released on bail but the top-men have been detained.

LABOUR ENQUIRY COMMITTEE

The coal mines Labour Enquiry Committee appointed by the Hyderabad Government under the Chairmanship of Mr. D. G. Jadhav, Regional Labour Commissioner, Government of India, has completed visits to Kothagudium and Singareni collieries and heard representatives of labour and managements. The Committee will be visiting Tandur collieries on March 26.

Mr. V. G. Deshpande, General Secretary of All-India Hindu Mahasabha on his arrival at Tuljapur today, was served with an order, under Section two of the Public Safety Act and Public Interest Regulations, directing him not to make public speeches in Hyderabad State for a period of one month.

It may be stated that Mr. Deshpande has been touring Hyderabad State since March one and has visited many towns and villages. It is learnt Mr. Deshpande will continue his programme but will not defy the order.

NEED FOR IMPARTIAL OBSERVERS

Congress Secretary Urges Safeguards For Referendum

NEW DELHI, March 19 (API).—Mr. Kala Venkata Rao, General Secretary of the Congress, has issued the following statement:

The Municipal councils of some of the French possessions are meeting shortly to decide the date and other terms for the referendum which it is proposed to hold in order to decide the future of these French possessions. In October last, elections took place to the Councils in Pondicherry, Karaikal and Yanam.

These elections were very unsatisfactory, and no arrangements were made for impartial observers to be present and to ensure that the elections should be fair.

In Mahe, there was trouble and many of the accredited leaders of the people were arrested. The elections were postponed there and were subsequently held in the absence of these leaders.

"In view of the experience we have had of these municipal elections, we are naturally apprehensive about the meeting of the municipal councils which will be held soon. It is quite essential that there should be proper observers present and that no pressure of any kind should be exercised.

"India is not anxious to annex any territory. What we want is the freedom of every individual, man and woman, in this great country. The Indian National Congress has stated that it is inevitable that the foreign possessions in India should be incorporated into India politically and economically, though they should have autonomy and cultural freedom. Nevertheless, we have agreed to leave the decision for the present about their future to the people of these French possessions. But this right should be exercised in perfect freedom and with due safeguards to prevent any undue pressure. If this freedom is not present and the safeguards are absent, then the decision will have no value."

GERMAN TROOPS TO REINFORCE RED GUERILLAS

BERLIN, March 20. (UPI)—German troops recruited from the Soviet zone police force are being hurried to Greece to reinforce the Communist guerillas, it is learned.

The first German units—four companies, with armoured cars went to Greece recently after a training period in police schools.

Now the People's Police Administration in Germany is reported to have been told to provide a full brigade of 5,000 "volunteers" within the next few weeks.

People IN THE NEWS

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, March 20, (A.P.I.): The Governor of Bombay lunched with the Ranji Trophy teams at the Brabourne Stadium.

The Governor of Bombay received Sir Kailash Nath Haskar.

The Governor of Bombay and the Hon'ble Premier witnessed the "Lagnachi Bedi".

*

GENERAL CARIAPPA

BANGALORE, March 20, (A.P.I.): Gen. K. M. Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief Indian Army, left by air for Delhi this morning, after a two-day stay in Bangalore.

*

THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL

AMBALA, March 20, (A.P.I.): The Governor-General, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari is visiting Ambala on April 1. The City Municipel Committee is arranging to accord him a civic reception.

*

SIR C. V. RAMAN

CALCUTTA, March 20, (U.P.I.): Sir C. V. Raman and Shri Dhirubhai Desai, Indian Minister in Switzerland, arrived in Calcutta today from New Delhi.

SHAH'S PEP TALK TELLS

Brisk Work In Persia's Parliament

TEHERAN, March 20, (PTI-Reuter): Persia's Parliament, the Majlis has done more in the six weeks since the attempt on 30-year old Shah Monammed Reza Pahlevi on February 4 than either it or any of its predecessors have in the past six years.

This is universally attributed here to the Shah's initiative.

Court sources declare that in doing so the Shah is determined to act in a constitutional way and avoid dictatorial methods.

The almost blind acceptance of his ideas since his escape by one of the worlds most obstructive parliaments has become known as Persia's latest miracle.

The story is told through its accuracy is open to doubt that about a week after the attempt on the Shah's life he told the deputies: "Keep going gentlemen! You can't expect me to be shot at every week just to keep you on your toes."

INDIA'S ROLE IN WORLD PEACE

Lady Mountbatten Expresses Faith In Country's Future

NEW DELHI, March 20, (UPI): "India stands firmer than ever in her determination to allow nothing to come in the way of real democratic progress, moral integrity and the raising of the standard of life and opportunity for the masses of her people. I have absolute faith in the future of India not only as a great and enlightened nation, but as a supreme force for good and for peace in this troubled and shattered world," Said Lady Mountbatten, in a speech broadcast on the All-India Radio tonight.

She added: "We have been amazed at what you have achievd in these last testing months, we have found so much to marvel at—the manner in which, with bold leadership and wise statemenship, so many of your problems of appaling magnitude have been tackled and overcome—the fine constructive work which is going on over such a wide field and the way in which India is turning her recent tragedies into golden opportunities for constructive social progress. Out of the ghastly unheavals of 1947-48 is emerging a new framework and in many ways a much-needed social revolution is taking place."

Lady Mountbatten further said that she had also been vastly impressed at the new experimental schemes of resettlement based on the establisment of co-operatives in every sphere of the economic life of the unit, such as the Nilokheri venture, and also at the progress in the educational field, particularly by the sense of discipline which is being instilled into the adult and child alike and the remarkable measure of responsibility and co-operation which refugees, men, women and children, have themselves given.

She also praised, "the happy and efficient partnership which has been established between Government and semi-official organisations and social workers, which has reached a stage now where one seems to be complimentary to the other as indeed it should be." She paid a tribute to the part India's women are playing in this period of evolution which, she said is a staggering one.

Calcutta Citizens Urge Suitable Memorial To Sarojini

CALCUTTA, March 20. (API)—A suitable memorial to perpetuate the memory of Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, "a great daughter of the Province and of India", was urged at a meeting of the citizens of Calcutta held today to condole her death. Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerjee, President of the Provincial Congress Committee, presided.

The meeting suggested that "some invaluable social service, which serves the needs of the suffering humanity of the Province and is befitting to her" be named after her. It appealed to the West Bengal Government to name after Mrs. Naidu one of their schemes which would be worthy of her.

NANKING SENDS 'CHUNGKING' TO BOTTOM OF SEA

Reported Differences Over Cabinet Formation

REDS OUT TO DRAW "IRON CURTAIN" OVER CHINA

NANKING, March 20 (PTI-Reuter).—The Chinese Government cruiser "Chungking", formerly HMS "Aurora", was sunk by Nationalist bombers in a raid on the South Manchurian port of Hulutao last night, a Chinese Navy spokesman stated today.

The cruiser, given to China by Britain after the war, deserted to the Communists last month and was last reported sheltering from attack by Government planes near the Russian controlled port of Dairen.

The ship burned for two hours before sinking, the spokesman said. The crew had been warned by wireless and some had left the ship. Others manned the anti-aircraft guns.

HITCH IN FORMATION OF CABINET

Controversy within the Kuomintang (Government) Party over who will be appointed Foreign Minister was reported today to be delaying the formation of a new Government under Premier Ho Ying-ching and threatening a possible split.

Some peace advocates were believed to be threatening to withdraw their support from General Ho unless the Chinese Ambassador to Moscow, Dr. Fu Ping-chang, was appointed.

Conservative members were said to fear radical changes in China's foreign policy if Dr. Fu were appointed. They were reported to favour the appointment of Dr. Chang Tanch-wan, former Ambassador to Turkey and an active worker for China in India during World War II.

Others were said to be hoping that a compromise could be worked out with the appointment of a non-partisan candidate, such as Dr. W. W. Yen, leader of the recent Shanghai peace delegation to Communist-held Peiping.

WIDESPREAD CONCERN

Widespread concern was expressed in Government circles today over recent signs from the Chinese Communists of a positive alignment with Russia on foreign policy.

North China Communist Radio supported the Soviet view of the Atlantic Pact when it was announced on Friday.

The Radio also said: "In the great and victorious struggle of the Chinese people against imperialist aggression and for developing their own people's democracy, the friendship of the Soviet Union is, without a doubt, an important and valuable factor."

COMMUNIST OFFENSIVE

A Shanghai despatch reported today that Government military circles in Hankow were expecting a general Communist offensive against Government bridge-heads on the north bank of the Yangtse-river between Hankow and the former treaty port of Kiukiang, 120 miles to the south-east.

A Central China Headquarters spokesman admitted the Communist advance had brought them into the immediate vicinity of Hankow's eastern defences and the southern sector of the Peiping-Hankow Railway.

The spokesman said Gen. Pai Chung-Shi was confident he could hold all the important bridge-heads north of Yangtse in East Hupeh.

A Foreign Missionary report received in Shanghai today said the plight of the 300,000 people in Aiyuan, capital of Shansi Province, which has been under Communist siege for nearly six months, was "desperate."

Stalin's Outlook

MOSCOW, March 20 (UPI).—Stalin is paying close personal attention to events in China, it is learnt.

He favours the present Chinese Communist policy of bargaining with the Nationalists and consolidating their position, it is further learnt.

Red Iron Curtain

SHANGHAI, March 20 (UPI).—The Chinese Communists have already banned foreign correspondents in Peiping from gathering or transmitting news. Correspondents in Shanghai fear that if the Communists occupy that city, they will have either to confine themselves to reporting official handouts or quit.

If the Communist ruling in Peiping, that no foreign nations may operate newspapers, were applied to Shanghai, it would immediately close down the British-owned "North China News" and five other dailies and weeklies.

Polestine Arabs' Plea For Annexation By Transjordan

DAMASCUS, March 19 (PTI-Reuter):: Tawfik Abulhuda Pasha, Transjordan Premier, said here today that Palestine Arabs, unable to form their own Government, had expressed a desire for annexation by Transjordan.

He believed the majority of Palestine Arabs wanted such a grouping, which would benefit all Arab countries. Transjordan, however, would welcome any plebiscite for self-determination.

IT took many years of patient experiment and research to produce the jet plane. To-day, the men who made it and the pilot who flies it are equally proud of its performance.

There is similar pride of performance in other, less exciting, developments in our every-day life. We, for instance, are proud of our watches. Each one embodies experienced craftsmanship, plus the best quality raw materials obtainable.

The West End Watch Company has built up, over three-quarters of a Century, a nation-wide reputation in India for Reliability and Hard-wear.

The BIJOU ALL-SPORTS
West End Patent Everbright Steel ... Rs. 175.

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VENTURE CAPITAL BRINGS PROGRESS

The World Bank And The Truman Programme

By John J. McCloy

President of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

While efforts today centre largely on removing the ravages of war, it is certain that in the long run the principal activity of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development will be the financing of projects in the underdeveloped areas of the world, many of which suffered little or no physical damage in the war. This activity has not yet hit its full stride. But a beginning has been made: the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, often referred to as the World Bank, has been carrying on discussions of development programmes in more than a score of its member countries, and some loans totalling $125,000,000 have already been made in this field.

These discussions involve such proposed undertakings as the building of power plants and transmission lines, the construction of transportation and communication facilities, industrial and mining expansions, and irrigation, reclamation and other agricultural projects.

TECHNICAL ADVICE

In trying to bring these proposed undertakings to fruition, the Bank has encountered some difficult problems. For one thing, in many underdeveloped areas there exists today a need for technical advice. Although the underdeveloped countries which are members of the Bank have a tremendous desire to improve their situation, in many of them there is lack of technical knowledge as to how to do it. Projects presented to the Bank are often inadequately planned or prepared, simply because of a severe shortage of technical personnel in the underdeveloped countries. That means that most of these countries need technical assistance as much as they need financial assistance.

Realizing this need themselves, countries with projects have come to look to the Bank more and more not only for loans but also for assistance in determining what projects they should put forward, in mapping out an appropriate overall pattern for economic growth; and in formulating economic and fiscal measures necessary to strengthen their national economies.

In brief, one of the very first problems of underdeveloped areas is to bring their projects to the point of financing. The need for technical skill in this connection can hardly be overemphasized.

U.S. ASSISTANCE

A hopeful solution for this wide spread problem was outlined by President Truman in his Inaugural Address on January 20. In this address, President Truman recommended that the United States and other countries as well, make available their store of technical knowledge to underdeveloped areas. A few days after the President's speech I was privileged to meet officials of the United States Department of State who are working to bring the President's programme into effect.

I anticipate that the International Bank can further the President's technical assistance programme by indicating where the needs for technical assistance lie and by indicating to the development project planners in member countries the type of engineering and technical studies that must be made to bring the projects to the point of financing. The Bank can also help avoid duplication of planning in the same areas of the world and can recommend market studies so that proposed development projects can be related to the economy of the country as a whole and to its outside markets as well.

STUDY MISSIONS

The President's programme would greatly aid the Bank in basic development problems. Because of the need for technical advice, the Bank has been sending study missions into various countries. It may have to do more of this. But the Bank is primarily a financial institution. Its technical staff is not large enough to provide engineering and statistical services on a broad scale. This staff should be concerned with projects that have been brought to the financing stage. The preliminary technical and economic engineering up to the financing stage locally should be done by other planners.

CO-ORDINATION

Many projects which have been discussed with the Bank were barely more than broad concepts. To illustrate, consider a plan to bring water from one part of a country to desert land in another part of the country. Obviously, someone has to make the engineering studies, work out the specifications down to the size of conduits. It must be determined what the project will mean to the total economy of the country. An analysis must be made as to where the markets can be found for the produce to be raised in the irrigated area. All this and more must be done before the Bank can analyse the soundness of the project and before financing can start. These preliminary services would be rendered under President Truman's programme by experts and technicians drawn from countries with experience in irrigation, or whatever development is planned.

Possibly even greater is the need of underdeveloped areas to build up locally a pool of technicians to run and properly maintain new installations. Technical advice and exchange of know-how means more than just having a panel of engineers that can be called upon from time to time. It means, in some instances, as elementary a task as training local people to grease a tractor, oil a machine, or maintain an irrigation ditch. Agricultural schools will have to instruct in the methods of modern farming and manual training schools will have a great task to perform. These things are at least as important as expert engineering. Maintenance crews are vital parts of development projects and need to be available locally.

COMPULSORY BASIC EDUCATION WITHIN 16 YEARS

NEW DELHI, March 20, (A.P.I.): The sudden deterioration in the economic condition of the country during the later half of 1948 compelled a revision of the programme and considerable curtailment in the activities of the Education Ministry, says a review, published by the Ministry of Education today.

A committee with Mr. B. G. Kher Premier and Minister for Education, Bombay, as Chairman was appointed to suggest ways and means of financing basic education. The Committee has suggested that universal compulsory basic education should be introduced within a period of sixteen years by two five year and one six year plans. It has also recommended that about 70 per cent of the expenditure on basic education should be borne by the Provinces and local Governments and remaining 30 per cent by the Centre.

LISTOWEL'S TALKS WITH DEDMAN

CANBERRA, March 19 (PTI-Reuter): Lord Listowel, the British Government's special envoy to Australia and New Zealand had further talks today with Minister of Defence John Dedman. No indication was given of what was discussed.

A later message from Sydney said that Lord Listowel on arrival there tonight said his Canberra talks had been "very friendly, frank and full."

He said he had changed his plans. He would not leave for New Zealand until Monday next and instead would rest in Sydney tomorrow.

A report from Canberra earlier today said that Lord Listowel had planned to fly to Washington tomorrow for talks with New Zealand Prime Minister Mr Peter Fraser and his Government.

RECORD DIVE INTO OCEAN?

SANTA MARIA, California March 20, (UPA): Scientist Barton of New York said yesterday that the tests of his "Bathoscope," in which he hopes to make a record dive into the ocean, were "entirely successful."

Barton and his assistant have spent four hours in the diving machine under a variety of artificially created diving conditions.

ANGLO-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES IN IRAN

Moscow Radio's Attack

LONDON, March 19, (UPA): The Moscow radio today broadcast a long attack on Anglo-American activities in Iran charging that aerodromes ports and communications were being constructed to aid American military and political expansion.

The broadcast also accused Iranian reactionaries of conducting a "harsh terror campaign against all who raise their voices against Anglo-American domination of the country." It said that the terror campaign was "led by American advisers and the British Intelligence Service."

The broadcast also said Anglo-American officials had to take resolute measures to get the Iranian Assembly to adopt the seven year plan and that George V. Allen, former American Ambassador to Iran, had to intervene.

"The seven-year plan is an American programme for the colonization of Iran and serves the purpose of preparing for a new war," the radio quoted "Trud" as saying.

"It is meeting with strong condemnation from the progressive part of the Iranian public and in the final upshot it is doomed to inevitable failure."

RISE IN JANUARY GOLD PRODUCTION OF ONTARIO

TORONTO, (UPA): The January gold production of Ontario is reported to be worth $6,448,590 against $6,833,976 in the same month last year. The amount of ore milled was 799,396 tons against 661,969, and the amount of metal produced was 183,194 ounces of gold and 26,336 ounces of silver.

Issuing the report, the Ontario Department of Mines stated that Ontario's gold mining industry established a 74-month milling record in January. However a drop in grade to dollar 8.04 per ton of ore, the lowest since December, 1933, resulted in production value falling below that of December 1948.

Daily average statistics show that during January the mills handled 25,787 tons of ore and recovered 6,909 ounces of gold and 850 ounces of silver for a daily value of dollar 207,384.

DYES & CHEMICALS

(From Chatrabhuj K. Mavji.)
BOMBAY, March 19.

SAPTHOL.	
Sapthol CAS	7/8
CBO	14/14
CSW	15/12
CSO	13/14
Fast Scarlet CKRC Base	7/4
Fast Scarlet CKB Base	9/8
Fast Red CKCR Base	9/10
Fast Garnet CKGBC Base	3/2
Fast Yellow CGC Base	7/12
Fast Corinth CG Base	6/12
Fast Orange OGC Base	10
Fast Orange CKGR Base	7/8
Fast Bordeaux CGP Base	10
Fast Bordeaux CGP Salt	4/12
Fast Scarlet CKR	2/12
Fast Blue CB Salt	3/9
DIRECT COLOURS	
Direct Black Extra	3/8
Direct Green Extra	4/6
Direct Violet Extra	5/4
Direct Yellow 4GL	11/14
Direct Sky Blue Extra	7/4
Direct Rubin	5
Direct Orange Extra	6/8
Direct Brown	4/12
Direct Black Extra	3/14
Chrysophenine Extra	10/4
Benzopurpurine 4B	3/10
Congo Red Extra	4/6
Turquise Blue G	11/8
SULPHUR COLOURS.	
Sulphur Black 692	1 11
Sulphur Black 992	1/5
Sulphur Black HK Grains	1/6
Alizarine 20 p.c. Paste	150
Alizarine 100 p.c. Powder	8
Methlene Blue Extra	5/4
Metanil Yellow Elephant	2/8
Metanil Yellow Extra	4/8
Methyl Violet Lumps	4 6
Punkaj Magenta MCK Lumps	7
Magenta Extra O	8/6
Diamond Green	8/14
Bismark Brown Extra	3/4
Malachite Green Crys	5/10
Chrysodine Extra	4/2
Auranine Extra	8/12
Acid Orange Extra	2/2
Soap Green	18
Acid Scarlet	4
Rhodaine B Extra 500 p.c.	16
Kumkum Scarlet	5
VAT FAST DYES.	
Vat Blue GCD Powder	40
Vat Blue RSN Powder	36
Vat Dark Blue BO	25
Vat Brilliant Green B 900	37
Vat Olive Green Powder	20
Vat Brilliant Green B 2100 Powder	90
Vat Gray Powder	20
Vat Brown Powder	20
Vat Magenta B Powder	40
Vat Yellow 5G Powder	45
Vat Violet 2R & 4R Powder	60
PRINTING COLOURS.	
Printosol OO	16
Printosol COAB	16
Gold Yellow	60
Printosol Green Paste	38
Kapia Red	21/8
Orange	21/8
Yellow	21/8
Indigo 50 p.c. Grains (American)	3/12
Indigo 60 p.c 1 lb. pkg.	4/8
CHEMICALS.	
Hydrosulphite of Soda	0/13/0
Bisulphite of Soda	55
Turkey Red Oil	45
Monopol Sapthod Soap	41
Soda, B.Carb	16
Stearic Acid	145
Soda, Ash light USA	14
Ammonia Bycarb Powder	48
Ammonia Chloride	40
White Sugar of Lead	98
Tri Sodium Phosphate	68
Nitrite of Soda	42
Bleaching Powder	17
Sodium Sulphide American	34
Sodium Sulphide Indian (small)	38
Sulphate of Alumina (Pure)	17
Aniline Salt	1/14
Bichromate of Potash	182
Caustic Soda - Lb. pkg.	0/6
Caustic Soda 450 Lbs. Pakg.	24
Acetic Acid	0/12/6
Formal De Hyde	0/6/6
Zinc Dust	75
Brown Sugar of Lead	100
Borax Cyrs	23

ART SILK YARN.
BOMBAY, March 19.

120 D Ready	3	12	0
150 Japan Ready	3	9	0
150 D. Box March	706	0	0
150 D. Box April	7	14	0

INDIA'S CYCLE INDUSTRY

India and Pakistan imported together in 1948, 3,02,000 cycles from England. Of this, India's share was something like 2,25,000, in addition India manufactured nearly 70,000 cycles.

Cycle manufacturing is a new industry in India, started only seven years ago. It has already created 2600 industrial jobs directly in its three factories and pays in wages some Rs. 25,00,000 to its workers. In addition, the clerical, engineering and management staff earn a substantial sum, all of which was going to exporting countries before the industry was started in India.

CREATE OVER 5000 JOBS

India's cycle industry is fast rising and will be quickly consolidated if the Tariff Board recommends required protection to it as manufacturers have convinced it. Our industry can produce good cycles to compete with the best foreign makes and meet our present needs of a little over 2,00,000. It can also meet the needs of our neighbouring countries like Pakistan, Afghanistan, Iran and Arabian countries, Burma, Ceylon, Indonesia, Siam and other countries.

Even manufacturing within the next three to five years 3,00,000 cycles in India will create over 5000 industrial jobs paying some Rs. 1200 to Rs. 1500 a year per worker or Rs 60,00,000 to Rs. 75,00,000.

INDIRECT OPPORTUNITIES

"Big the ancillary industries that are started and consolidated the many jobs will be created for our workers, which alone will raise the living standard of our country.

The great opportunities and export possibilities our cycle industry has can be gauged from the ramifications of the British cycle industry. Britain produced in 1948 for export alone 1,800,000 cycles and earned Rs. 25,31,-30,000 and exported cycle parts and components worth Rs. 8,80,00,000.

If our cycle industry is nourished with vision it can grow to similar dimensions within the next decade and protect our workers against unemployment.

Kalyan Municipality Election

Mr. V. V. Subarao, Secretary Kalyan Congress Committee appeals to the voters of Kalyan city to choose good workers amongst the new contestants and vote them. "If you do not find any such members in your ward do not vote for anybody. But do not be lured for the sake of money, liquor or anything and sell your vote. Your vote is as valuable as anything. Let us give a chance to the new entrants and see for a year. If we are not satisfied with the new members also then we must agitate and request the Government of Bombay to take over the management of the Kalyan Municipality for at least two years.

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY March 19.

s.s. MINDARO

From Gothenburg—74 bales paper; 136 bales writing paper; 113/753 bales printing paper; 105 bales wood free bond paper; 290 pkgs nails; 61 cases screws; 36 bales newspaper; 94 cases hurricane lamps; 79 bales newsprint paper; 1964 cases window glass; 97 bales wrapping paper, 42 bales pure ribbed kraft paper; 26 bales poster paper; 238 bales bleached paper; 167 cases positive metro film; 384 pkgs sawn birch wood; 384 pkgs sawn birch wood; 234 bales news print paper; 1719 bdls. birch wood blocks; 123 bales bleached kraft paper; 655 cases steel hinges; 88 cases steel bolt hinges; 85 cases hinges; 43 cases screws; 45 bales puff manila envelopes; 456 bales kraft paper; 40 cases cream seperators; 117 bales writing paper; 58 cases swedish wood free paper; 163 bales writing paper; 100 cases aluminium chloride.

From Antwerp—100 cases wire nails; 60 cases dowel nails.

From Rotterdam—50 cases whisk; 150 cases farina, 39 bales unwatered printing paper; 42 cases rayon yarn; 60 cases artificial yarn; 70 cases ultra marine blue.

From Marcelles—62 cases drugs and medicines; 68 bags roots 126 cases deschins syrup; 50 barels tartaric acid, 50 bags edible gelatine; 579 bags cloves, 2,000 bags carbonate of soda.

From Genco—285 cases artificial silk yarn.

s.s. STEEL ADVOCATE

From New York—50 drums lubricating oil; 1,509 bags antimoney; 185 ctns books; 71 cases sulphur; 125 cases cylinders; 2524 bags steoric acid; 70 cases textile machinery; 60 rolls warber beams; 30 ctns auto parts; 139 drums high speed diesel oil; 50 boxes exterminator parts; 52 boxes medicines; 775 cases condensed milk; 125 cases fuel oil; 140 drums kerosene; 125 drums mineral calga oil; 103 cases bromide; 200 bags hydrted cine; 67 drums sulphur; 268 cases steel lock washer; 174 cases nuts and bolts; 165 cases steel bolts.

From New Orleans—100 cases sweetened condensed milk; 510 bdls auto springs; 272 bdls auto beams; 93 metal containers tinplate; 200 bdls. milken fat; 1,000 bags carbon black; 200 bags ground mica; 129 crates press wood auto materials; 2627 slabs electro lytic slab zinc; 279 crates hard board; 1,120 bags plain paper; 600 drums diesel oil; 500 pkgs wire nails.

From Houston Texas—6061 ingots primwestern zinc; 124 drums diesel fuel oil; 1,000 drums pale golden spindle oil; 25967 barrels refined lead.

From Port Arther Texas—2920 drums lubricating oil.

From Alexandria—2213 bales cotton.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

s.s. ARONDA

To Mombassa—30 bags coriander seed; 5 bags fennygreek seed; 5 bags dill seed—J. Hemchand.

s.s. MOHAMADI

To Port Sudan—318 bales cotton—G. N. Mistry & Co.

s.s. UNION PIONEER

To Hongkong—263 bags uplate—R. Virji and Co.

s.s. QUERIMKA

To Sydney—940 bales cotton piecegoods—The Bombay Dying & Mfg. Co. Ltd.

To Brisbane—248 bales cotton piecegoods—The Bombay Dying & Co. Ltd.

To Melbourne—1003 bales cotton piecegoods—The Bombay Dying & Mfg. Co. Ltd.

To Adelaide—316 bales cotton piecegoods—The Bombay Dying & mfg. Co. Ltd.

s.s. DWARKA

To Kuwait—175 chests tea—Sureschandra and Co.

Sporadic Activity In Worth Street

SILVER PRICE TO REMAIN "PRETTY MUCH CONSTANT".

NEW YORK, March 18.

A spokesman for the silver market said on Friday, "It is a fair assumption that as long as the Bank of Mexico continues to buy excess Mexican silver at the offered price for coinage purposes, the price of silver in the U. S. will remain in pretty much constant."

NEW YORK, March 18.

Worth Street again noted sporadic buying in certain constructions. Key numbers like 80 square prints along with wide goods and carded broad cloths proved the brightest spots although some converters indicated that the buying tempo for quick and nearby goods was also slowing down. The current railway strike which disrupted Easter clothing shipments was mentioned as a local factor slowing business. Air freight shipments are being resorted to by some sellers according to brokers. Army inquiries for 4,000,000 yards of gray goods enlivened that market. The goods was sought by the Engineer Corps for expected use in flood control and reclamation work along the Mississippi River. Burlap has been specified as an alternate and some quarters felt business might go to that material because of the competitive price advantage prevailing in favour of burlap.

NEW YORK MARKETS

NEW YORK, March 19.

The market moved narrowly, trading virtually centred in oldcrop where scattered price fixing, partly against export sales to France, was easily supplied by modest hedges and weekend profittaking. The newcrops were neglected. The market closed barely steady with sales estimated 45,000 baeles.

NEW YORK COTTON

LONDON, March 19:
NEW YORK, March 19:

May	32.21
July	31.06
October	28.14
December	nom 27.95
Middling spot	33.53

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

May	32.11
July	31.06
October	28.09
December	27.28
Middling spot	32.50

They volume of business on the New York Exchange was 260,000 shares.

The highest and lowest U.S. Steel trading prices were 72-3/4 and 72-3/4 respectively.

STOCKS

NEW YORK, March 19.

The market finished the week with the dullest Saturday session for some time. The price trend was mixed, holding small fractions. Corporate news was sparse, the only item of interest being curtailment in operations by one smaller steel corporation due to coke shortages resulting from the coalmine shutdown. This will cut operations in the youngstown district to 91 per cent of capacity from the present 105 levels. Prices drifted irregularly lower due more to lack of demand than any increase in selling. Losses were mostly fractions with utilities and some oils resistant. The close was barely steady.

CHICAGO GRAINS

CHICAGO, March 19.

A steady undertone was due to the firmness of cash wheat and maize resulting from increased activity on the part of C.C.C. The agency is reported to have raised its wheat buying price yesterday two cents a bushel but according to trade indications the advance did not attract any substantial volume of offerings. Attracting attention was the Department of Agriculture estimated that exports of grain products for the current season would total around 700,000,000 bushels.

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON March 19:

T.T. London on	
New York selling	4.0275
Montreal selling	4.0275
Zurinch selling	17.34
Stockholm selling	14.47
New York buying	4.0325
Montral buying	4.0325
Zurinch buying	17.36
Stockholm buying	14.50

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO March 19:

Chicago wheat:
May 2.16-7/8
July 1.90
Sept. 1.89-5/8
Dec. 1.89-5/8

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, March 19:

American Telephone and Telegraph	145-3/4
Amerex Holding Co.,	26-1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	31-5/8
Chase National Bank	36
Sinclair Oil	21-1/2
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co.	48-5/8
General Electric Co.	27
General Motors	59-1/8
Ingersol Rand,	60 bid
International Nickel,	28-1/4
National City Bank of New York	40
New York Central Rail Road Co.	10-5/8
Socony Vacuum Corporation	15-7/8
Texas Corporation	53-1/2
Union Carbide,	39
U.S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	43-1/2 bid
U.S. Steel Corporation (Common)	72-3/4
Westerns Union Telegraph	14-1/2 bid

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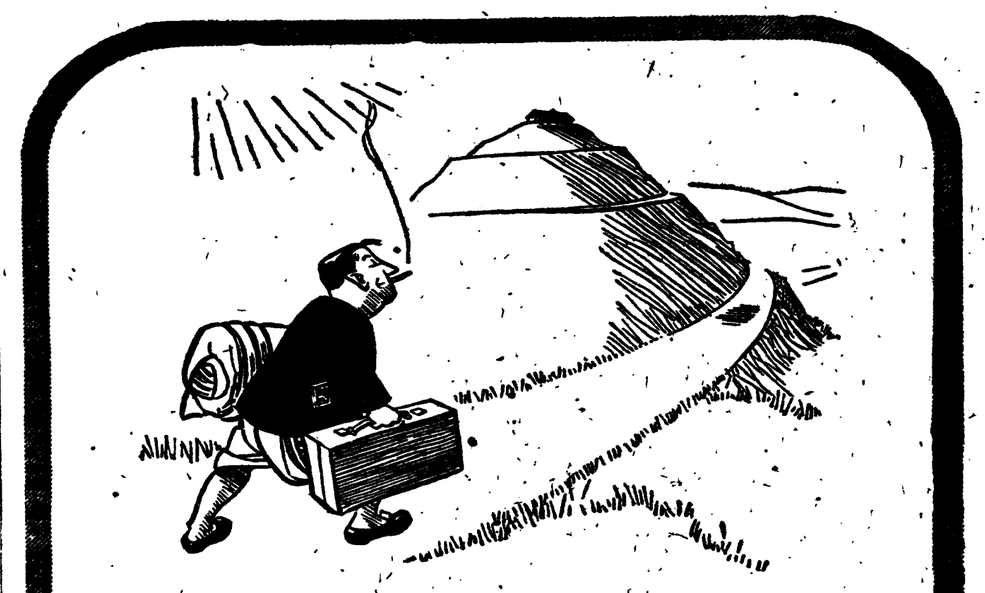

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1665

SCARCITY DECLARED IN 960 GUJERAT VILLAGES

Poona Agriculturist Offers To Maintain 1,000 Cattle

AHMEDABAD, March 19, (A.P.I.): "There is no limit to the number of relief works which Government will open in the famine areas and to the number of people that will be employed on these works, but there is a limit to the quantity of grass available for cattle and Government are doing their best to grow grass locally as much as they can" declared Mr. U. M. Mirchandani, Revenue Commissioner in charge of famine relief in Gujerat today.

SCARCITY IN 960 VILLAGES

He said: scarcity has been declared in 960 villages. Except in 120 villages in Surat District where though scarcity has not been declared famine relief has been organised About 25,000 cattle are being maintained by Government by supplying hay, cattle feeds and concentrates 15,000 cattle are maintained in two cattle feeding centres and 170 cattle in cattle camps. Hay is being given at concession rate to cultivators having bullocks for drawing water from wells. Two bales of grass are being given per animal per month Government have allotted ten crores of pounds of hay for the famine areas of Gujerat, of which about 50 percent has already arrived. This is much short of our needs, and Government are encouraging private imports of hay by issuing special permits specially to pinjrapoles and gaushalas.

RIVER BOATS TO DISTRIBUTE GRASS

Mr. Mirchandani added: "eighteen boats have been supplied to Broach District for distributing grass to coastal villages from riverbeds. 800 cattle were stranded by fire in the forest of Panchmals, but arrangements have been made for their removal to other places and they are no longer in danger.

One agriculturist of Poona has offered to maintain about 1,000 cattle from the famine areas, and Government will give facilities for their removal there if this offer is accepted by anybody.

"Fodder is being godown as an emergency measure on 6,500 acres of land by means of engines and pumps supplied by Government. Mowhra flower is used to relieve the shortage of hay, wherever it is available.

"A sum of Rs. 38 lakhs has been distributed as Tagavi to 14,000 people for digging wells and growing grass and 28,000 people are employed on 152 relief works. The Government have also issued orders for opening as many famine relief works as are needed for giving employment to as many people as want it.

DOLES TO SICK

"Doles are being given to 10,000 sick and infirm people For maintaining the health of the people in the famine areas 58,50,000 vitamin tablets have been distributed, while milk powder is being given to children and women with the help of volunteers Vaccination, inoculation and disinfection of wells is being freely undertaken by the Health Department.

"Drinking water is being supplied to certain villages in the Bhal tract with the help of seven tankers. Forty boring machines have made 38 bores of which ten have proved successful. A preliminary survey has been made for laying pipe lines at a cost of various from Rs. 36 lakhs to Rs. 50 lakhs as a long-term measure for distributing drinking water in this area."

DIESEL BUSES FOR AHMEDABAD

AHMEDABAD, March 19, (A.P.I.): The popularity of the Municipal bus service has increased the average number of passengers per day from 85,000 to 135,000 during the last two years of its operation" declared Mr. M. C. Shah, retiring President of the Municipality, to the newly elected members who were shown the Municipal workshops where the buses are repaired and periodically overhauled.

Mr. Shah said that the Municipality would shortly run 25 diesel buses as an experimented measures. Owing to perol shortage the normal bus service cannot be fully maintained.

Mr. Shah also took round the members on the 2,200 acre farm where the sullage water is used for growing fodder.

USE OF POISON GAS BY GREEK FORCES ALLEGED

PRAGUE, March 20 (UPA): The Yugoslav Agency has quoted the Free Greek News Agency as reporting that Greek Government troops had used poison gas against the guerillas on March 16 in the mountain area of Taiget.

USING TEEN-AGERS IN DEMONSTRATIONS

ROME, March 20 (UPA): The Government has charged the Communists of using teenage youngsters to foment violence in their demonstrations against the Atlantic Pact.

Interior Minister Mario Scelba said that many youngsters seized by police in the last few days had carried Communist instructions to mingle with crowds, to curse police and create general confusion He said that, with such tactics the Communists apparently hoped to create the impression that youths of draft or near draft age were the moving spirits behind the anti-Pact demonstrations.

5 ACHIEVEMENTS OF FRENCH GOVT.

PARIS, March 19 (PTI-Reuter): Prime Minister Henri Queuille, broadcasting tonight on the eve of France's departmental elections, claimed that his Government had achieved five important successes in the past six months.

These were: (1) Balancing budget, (2) warding off inflation, with the franc revalued by one-fifth on foreign markets, (3) checking of the rise in prices which now showed even a tendency to fall, (4) success of the national reconstruction loan, and (5) restoration of the authority of the State.

LONDON, March 20 (UPA)—Radio Moscow said that the Soviet delegation to the forthcoming International Cultural and Scientific Congress on World Peace left Moscow for New York today The delegation was headed by Alexander Fadeyev, General Secretary of the Soviet Writers' Union.

EXAMINATIONS POSTPONED FOR WANT OF DESKS

ALLAHABAD, March 20 (API): Shortage of desks for examinees is said to have resulted in the postponement of the University examinations here. These examinations were originally scheduled to be held this month but were postponed to April 8 next. Now they have been further postponed.

Aerial Survey Of Flooded Areas

SYDNEY, March 20 (PTI-Reuter): Flooded areas in north west New South Wales and Southwest Queensland, which have been under water for nearly three weeks were being surveyed from the air today to plan the future operations of the airlift now supplying the area with food.

In addition the survey was to estimate when road transport was likely to get through.

During the past 24 hours heavy rain has been falling several hundred miles north west of the gold mining centre of Tenants Creek, in Central Australia, and floods were also threatening parts of the tropical belt in northern Australia today.

MADRAS PLAN FOR 3 POWER ALCOHOL DISTILLERIES

MADRAS, March 19, (A.P.I.): The Government of India hav eapproved a proposal of the Madras Government to establish three powe alcohol distilleries at Vuyyuru, Vizagapatam and Chellikuppam. These factories will have an annual production capacity of 14,50,000 gallons of power alcohol out of a target production of 20,00,000 gallons aimed by the Government of India.

CHOLERA SPECIALIST DEAD

LONDON, March 19. (PTI-Reuter): Mr Phillip Bruce White internationally known authority on cholera, died today in London aged 58. He visited India in 1946 to advise on cholera research He was also well-known for his work on food poisoning bacteria.

FINANCE MINISTER WITH RESERVE BANK MEN

Sri V. L. Mehta, Bombay's Finance Minister, delivering the Inaugural Address at the Silver Jubilee celebrations of the Reserve Bank of India Employees' Association at Sunderabai Hall on Saturday evening.

POPULARISING INDIGENOUS MEDICINES AMONG MASSES

Dr. Y. S. Rao Urges Govt. To Accept Chopra Commitee's Suggestions

MADRAS, March 20 (API).—Presiding over he All-India National Medical Conference here today, Dr. Y. Suryanarayana Rao made an earnest appeal to the Government to accept and implement the recommendations of the "Chopra Committeee" to revive and increase the usefulness of indigenous medicine.

Dr. Rao said: "By far the largest number of people in villages, and possibly also in towns, prefer the Indian systems of medicine to the western one and in view of this preference alone, we should be justified in laying down that the indigenous systems should receive the fullest support and patronage of the State."

Dr. Rao claimed that the indigenous systems of medicine had commended to the people by its cheapness and the sympathetic treatment of its practitioners. Treatments in the Indian systems of medicine, he said, were based on sound observations and many of their theories were capable of withstanding scientific investigations. At the same time, he pointed out, the indigenous system as practised at the present time, required considerable amount of improvement and additions in its content, its method of education and its method of treatment.

CHOPRA COMMITTEE'S REPORT

The Chopra Committee, appointed by the Government, after surveying the existing conditions of medical relief available in the country had made far-reaching suggestions for effecting improvement in them. It had suggested a scheme for up-grading the existing teaching institutions for imparting unified and integrated instructions in the western and Indian systems of medicine leading to their ultimate synthesis, opening of a Central Research Institute of Indian Medicine and the institution of short courses of training to the existing practitioners to fill up the big gaps left in the State-sponsored and State-maintained institutions of western medicine. For that purpose, the Committee had suggested a modest allotment of Rs. 30 lakhs in the Budget to implement the scheme.

The Committee, Dr. Rao said, had done a real service to the country and the systems of Indian medicine and medical science in general.

Dr. Rao, in conclusion, urged the Government to appoint immediately a Deputy Director of Health (Indian Medicine) to work directly under the Health Minister; and to constitute the Research Council which in its turn would appoint the first Director of the Central Research Institution and start work. He also pleaded for appointing a Sub-Committee to go into details of work on State control and registration and recommend the necessary legislative measures to the Government.

Mr. A. B. Shetty, Health Minister of Madras, inaugurating the Conference said the Ministry of Health, Government of India, after taking decision on the Chopra Committee's report, was expected to give a general direction to the Provincial Governments so that a more or less uniform policy and programme might be followed in regard to the measures to be taken to improve the facilities for research and trading in the indigenous systems of medicine and generally to increase their usefulness to the public.

Pre-Censorship Order On Dailies Extended

AMRITSAR, March 20 (UPI).—The pre-censorship orders requiring the dailies of Amritsar and Jullundur to submit all news relating to the Akali agitation for scrutiny were today extended for another ten days.

WASHINGTON, March 20, (UPA): The United Jewish Appeal yesterday launched its nation-wide campaign to raise dol. 250,000,000 with a conference and social events here attended by 1,200 of its leaders.

'HUMANITY ON THE CROSS ROADS'

Bihar Premier Urges Adoption Of Buddha's Message

PATNA, March 20, (A.P.I.): The Bihar Premier Mr. Sri Grishna Sinha speaking at a public reception here today of the relics of Sariputta and Maha Moggalana, the two chief disciples of Gautam Buddha, said that humanity was on the cross roads—one leading to violence and destruction and the other to peace and brotherhood.

The way to the former Mr. Sinha said, was being shown by those mad with lust of pelf and power and the othe of love and peace had meen shown by Gautama Buddha and Mahatma Gandhi. The World had to chooose between the two and if it was to survive it must choose the latter.

The meeting was attended by about 50,000 people including a large number of Buddhists from different part of the country.

Mr. M. S. Aney, the Governor og Bihar who presided over the function paying homage to the relics on behalf of the Government and the people of the Province said: "Sariputta and Mogallana were it seems to me, one in two and two in one. These twin disciples were initiated together, worked together lived together and I may even say, almost died together. And even after death, their relics were kept together at Sanchi, sent together in the British Museum and reappearing in their land of birth also together. They have shared the joys and sorrows of life together in their life time and are sharing the honour also together after death. This is indeed a unique pair of disciples to which it is not easy to find "a parallel. These two disciples served one master with one mind. Buddhist canonical literature bear testimony to the great work done by them in the building up of the Buddhist Sangh in the early days of its foundation.

Sir James Somerville Dead

LONDON, March 20 (PTI-Reuter).—Admiral of the Fleet, Sir James Somerville, one of Britain's most famous wartime Admirals, has died at his home in Wells, Somerset.

He was 66 and had been ill for ten days.

Admiral Somerville retired from service as medically unfit through tuberculosis in 1939 but got specialists to give him a clean bill of health so that he could return for duty when war broke out.

He then distinguished himself by spending more time at sea than any other British Admiral, leading the Gibraltar-based force in the Mediterranean, from 1940 to 1942, commanding the Eastern Fleet against Japanese from 1942 to 1944 and heading the British Admiralty delegation in Washington from 1944 to 1945.

INDIAN WOMEN MUST SERVE THE MASSES

"Let Not Marriage Interfere With Social Work," Urges Nehru At Irwin College

NEW DELHI, March 20 (API).—The Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, today advised Indian girls not to let marriage interfere with service to the community.

Pandit Nehru, who was delivering the Convocation address on Founders Day of the Lady Irwin College, New Delhi, said: "It is not quite clear to me why the person who gets married should forget or ignore her duty to the community. It is quite possible that the two functions of marriage and service to the community might be combined. I do feel that our girls should realise that marriage should not in a sense end their career of service to the community."

The smartly dressed girls present heard from the Prime Minister: "Just as the community—may be through their parents or others—has helped you to gain special knowledge and experience, it is upto you who study here to discharge your obligation and debt to the community. Everywhere, more especially in the India of today, we want a vast number of trained workers of all types and kinds. It is a time of hard work for all of us. This generation of yours is condemned to hard labour. Not the hard labour of the condemned convict but the hard labour of doing something which appeals to us and which yields results. That is a most exhilerating experience."

INDIA'S MASS PROBLEM

The Prime Minister said that sometimes a kind of doubt crept into his mind how far institutions of this kind which dealt with an isolated class in India, no doubt fairly well, fitted in with what might be called the mass problem of India. Inevitably the real problems of the country would have to deal with the missions in this country.

They would also, he hoped deal with the exceptional people and give them every scope but the type of person who was not exceptional in mind or body but happened to be exceptional only because his parents possessed some more money than others could not be encouraged too much in later years." I mention this to you not because this problem arises in any acuteness in this particular institution but it is a problem of our education. We have to keep schools giving rather higher types of education which for the moment we just cannot afford to give to everybody. Are we to serap them because they can only deal with particular groups and classes and have relatively low standards for everybody. That would not be good enough. But if we keep these institutions as exemplars to which we work up the other schools then it is right to keep up these higher standard institutions."

At the suggestion of Mrs. Rustomji Faridoonji, who presided, the audience observed a minute's silence in memory of late late Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, one of the founder patrons of the College.

CONSERVATION OF FOREST WEALTH

International Conference To Meet In Mysore

NEW DELHI, March 20 (API): The International Conference on Forest and Timber utilisation for Asia and the Pacific will begin its session in Mysore on March 28. It is likely that Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, Food and Agriculture Minister will inaugurate it. Countries that participate in the conference are India, Burma, Malaya, New Zealand, the Philippines, Australia, Ceylon, China, Indo China, Pakistan and Siam. The ECAFE and UNESCO will each send an observer.

The conference the first of its kind to be held in Asia and the Pacific has been called by FAO. It will consider questions relating to the provision for fuel and lumber, formulation and review of forest policy, large scale conservation programmes such as erosion control flood prevention and the integration and modernisation of forest industries.

Surgeon's Knife That Saves Blood

LONDON, March 20. (UPI)—Surgery in which the blood lost during an operation is automatically and immediately returned to patient's body has been made possible by the invention of a young Exeter hospital attendant.

He has devised and patented a new type of surgeon's knife which as it cuts, draws in the spilled blood, purifies it, and pumps it back into the patient's veins.

The inventor is 24-year-old Mr. W.G.D. Gregory, an operating-room technician at the exter city hospital.

U. P. COUNCIL ELECTION DISPUTE

Government Sets Up Three-Men Tribunal

BENARES, March 20 (UPI).—A three-man Tribunal consisting of Shri Rajaram Singh, Mr. Maheshwari Dayal, District and Sessions Judge, Banares, and Mr. K. C. Srivastava has been appointed by the U.P. Government to solve the dispute in connection with the U.P. Legislative Council election that arose last year between Shri Jyoti Bhusan Gupta, a candidate from the Banares-cum-Ghazipur Rural General Constituency, and Prof. U A. Asrani who was declared elected on Congress ticket.

An election petition had been filed by the former candidate whose nomination form was rejected by the Returning Officer on some technical grounds.

Egyptian Press Delegation In Hyderabad

HYDERABAD, Sunday. — H.E.H. Nizam of Hyderabad received members of the Egyptian Press Delegation at King Kothi Palace yesterday at 10 a.m.

During their three-day stay in Hyderabad, the delegation has visited number of public institutions including the Osmania University. They drove to Golconda Fort where they were received by Khawaja Mohammed Ahmed, Director of Archaeology.

The delegation contacted number of eminent Hyderabad citizens, including Nawaba Kusre Jung, former Army Minister, and discussed with them current affairs.

The delegation also met yesterday Mr. D. S. Bakhale, Chief Civil Administrator who elucidated for them present administrative policy and the political situation in the State.

DOSTOIEVSKY, ENEMY OF REVOLUTION

Soviet Papers Denounce Cosmopolitanism

MOSCOW, March 19, (PTI-Reuter): The classic Russian novelist, Dostoievsky was described by the Soviet Literary Gazette today as a "wicked enemy of the revolution and of the recolutionary democrats."

The Gazette was commenting on a speech by Prof A. Yeogolin, Director of the Gorky Institute of World Literrture, who denounced fellow professor V. Kirpotion as "cosomopolitan" for "trying to justify" Dostoievsky in a recent book.

The Scientific Council (Directorship) of the Institute unanimously decided to exclude Kirpotion, and two others denounced as "cosmopolitan," from membership on the Council.

BOURGEOIS COSMOPOLITANISM

Moscow Radio tonight broadcast a "New Times," article denouncing "the bourgeois cosmopolitanism" found in groups of theatre and literary critics, and in "a number of workers in the field of cinema, literature, art, the theatre and science and particularly philisophy."

The "New Times article said: "This anti-patriotic group of cosomopoliticans tried to rob literature, art and science of the party spirit, of positive ideological contents, of life-giving Soviet patriotism."

The "New Times" declared cosomopolitanism was a poisoned weapon for the ideological corruption of the people.

The "ruthless war proclaimed on cosomopolitanism" is a substantial contribution o the cause of peace," it added.

Applications For Entry Into Japan

NEW DELHI, March 19, (UPI): At prresent applications of Indian nationals desiring entry into Japan for business purposes are received and dealt with by the Government of India in the Ministry, of Commerce, says a press note.

It has been decided that from April 1, 1949 onwards such applications should be dealt with by the Director-General, Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, Calcutta. Applications which cannot reach this ministry by March 28, 1949 should, therefore, be sent to that office direct.

Instances have also come to the notice of Government of businessmen applying dirnct to the Idiaa Liaison Mission. Tokyo, for obtaining clearance from the Supreme Commander for Allied Powers for their re-entry into Japan. As this is not the proper procedure such applications will not be entertained by the Indian Liaison Mission.

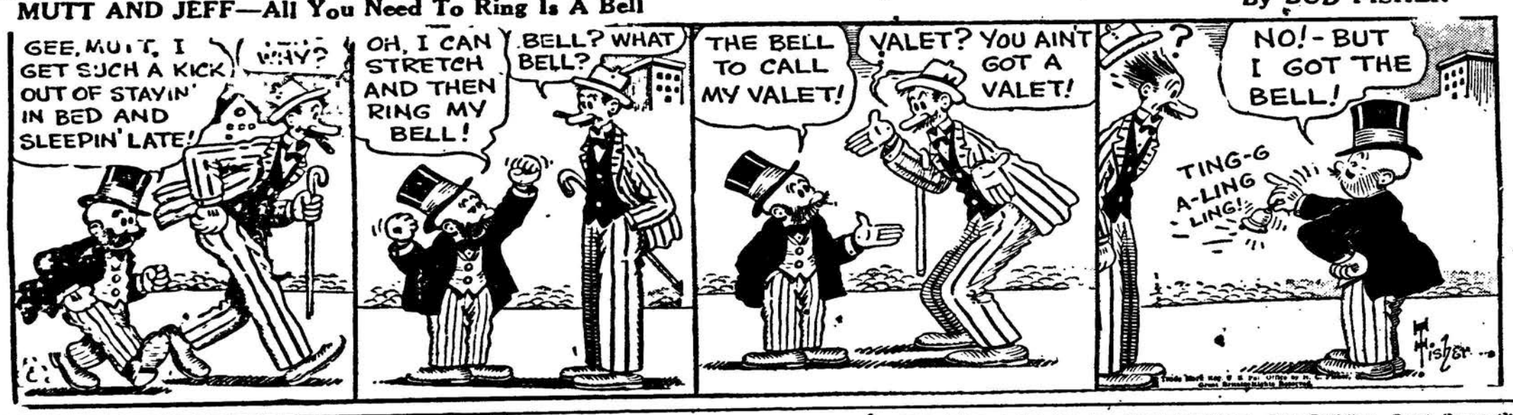
Two Baroda Districts Exempted From Sales Tax Act

BARODA, March 20 (UPI).—As the trade in Okhamandal and Amreli Districts which are surrounded by territories of Saurashtra Union was suffering due to imposition of the Sales Tax which does not obtain in Saurashtra Union, the Baroda Government have exempted Amreli and Okhamandal Districts from the operation of the Sales Tax Act, 1946, in so far as the levy and collection of tax on sales or supplies made on or after 1st April 1949 are concerned.

NAGPUR, March 19. (API): The C. P. Government has decided to give one-year mortarium to peasants in the cotton and juar tracts of the province which consist of two districts of Nagpur and Wardha and four districts of Berar.

MUTT AND JEFF—All You Need To Ring Is A Bell

By BUD FISHER


GEE, MUTT, I GET SUCH A KICK OUT OF STAYIN' IN BED AND SLEEPIN' LATE!
WHY?
OH, I CAN STRETCH AND THEN RING MY BELL!
BELL? WHAT BELL?
THE BELL TO CALL MY VALET!
VALET? YOU AINT GOT A VALET!
NO! - BUT I GOT THE BELL!
TING-G A-LING LING!
Fisher

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